

DEALING WITH VARIABLE SV STRUCTURE NIOHC19



AGENDA



WHO ARE WE?

3

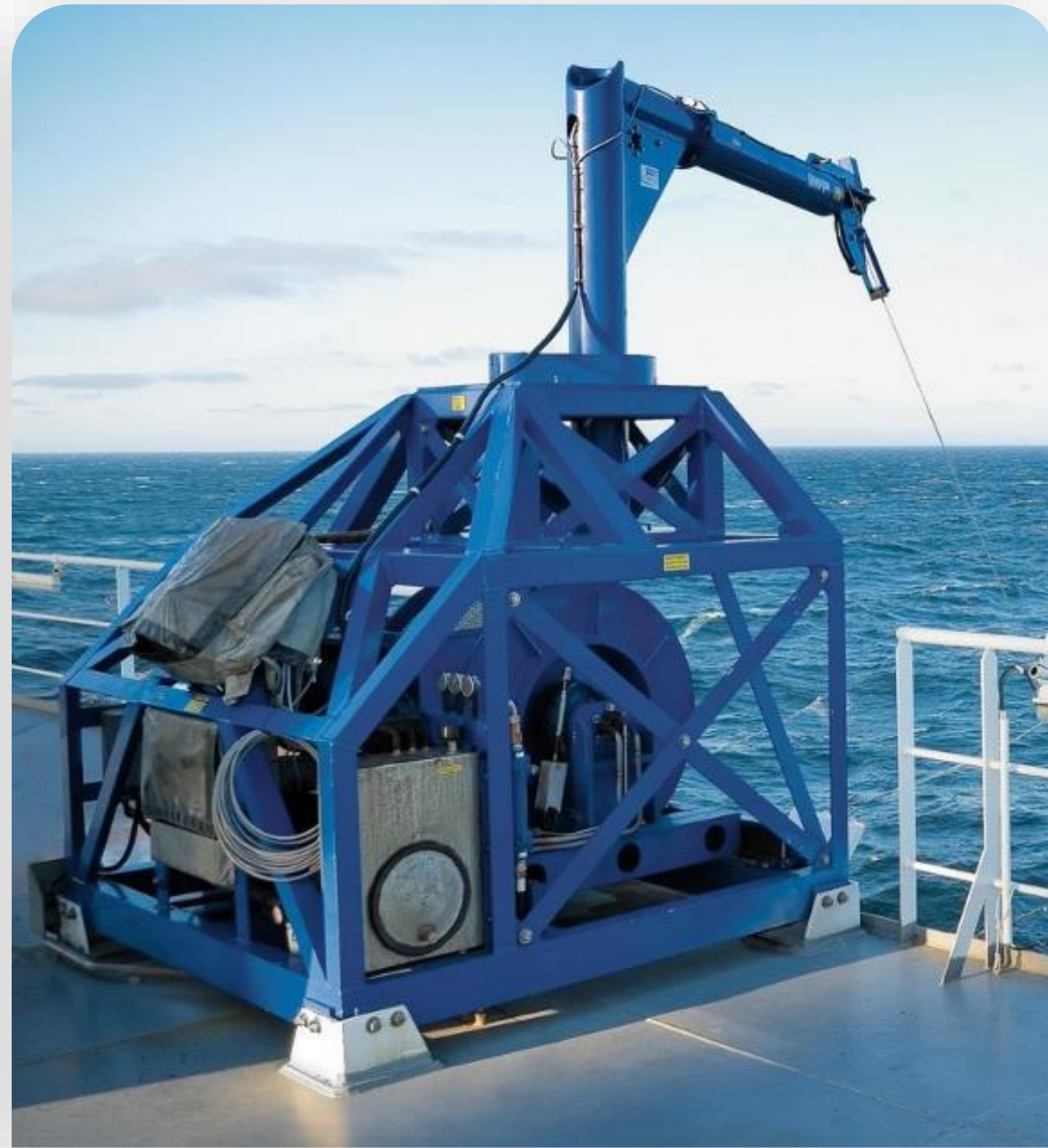


David Wilson
Regional Sales Manager, EMEA

AML provides ocean sensing solutions. We help our customers remove the unpredictability - economic and technical - from their survey operations.

OUR SOLUTIONS

4



Underway Profiling



Instrumentation



Critical sensor surfaces
biofouling free

Biofouling Control

We Make it Easy

- Family of oceanographic instruments and Xchangeable sensors



We Make it Easy

- Family of oceanographic instruments and sensors
- Sensors are interchangeable with other instruments
- Sensor heads are calibrated independently

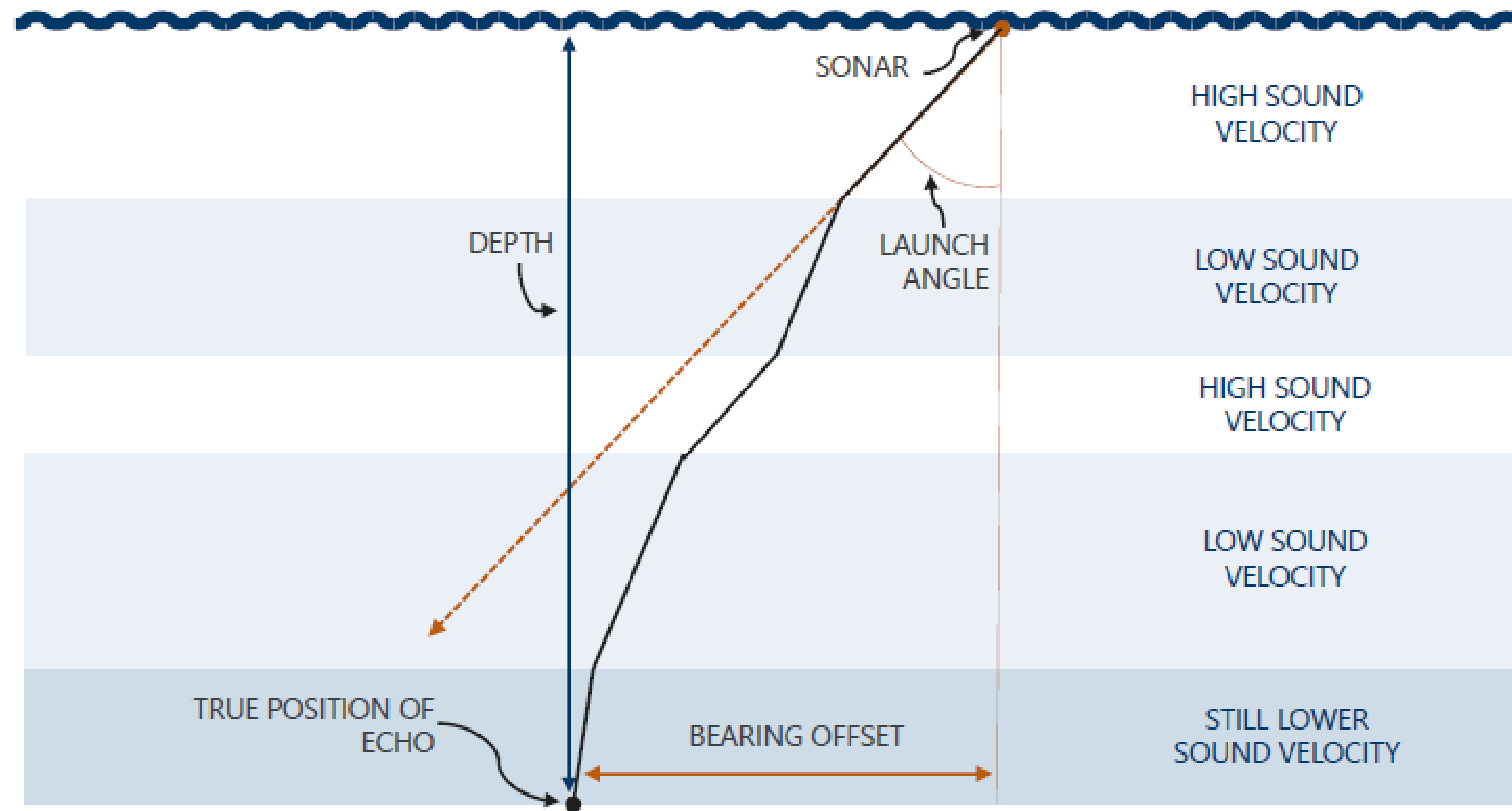


Where is sound velocity measurement used in multibeam systems?

7

(2) Within the water column itself to correct for both refraction and range errors.

Snells Law:
 $n_1 \sin(\theta_1) = n_2 \sin(\theta_2)$



How often should I be taking a profile?

8

General Guidelines



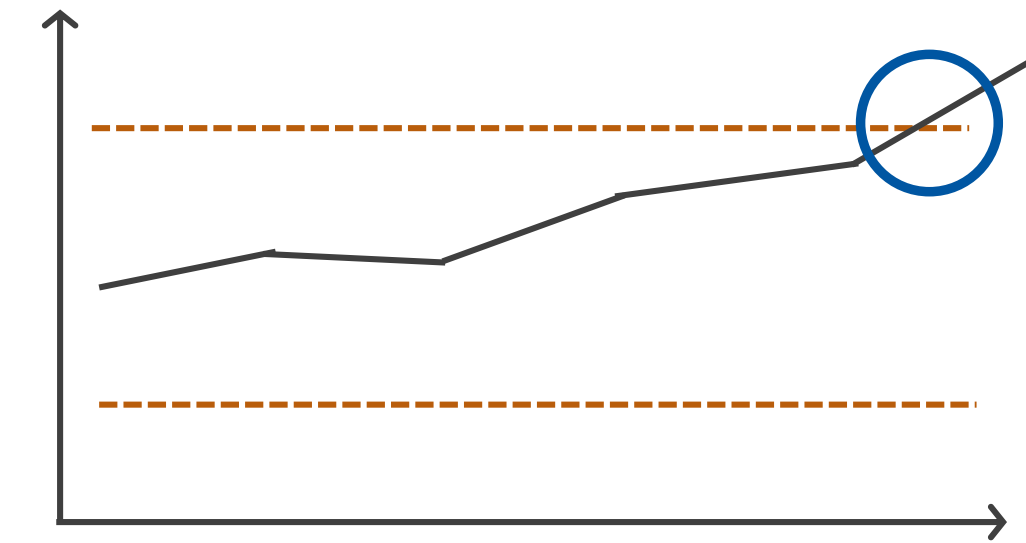
Temporal Based

Once per X hour, give or take.



Spatial Based

Once every x km.



Sea Surface SV Changes

Once the sea surface SV changes by more than some fixed amount ($\sim X$ m/s)

OR

- Once per day
 - Never?
- Certainly not compatible with an IHO-level survey

Customer Concerns with variable SV Structure

- Forced to compromise between survey efficiency and data quality
- Exposed to cost over-runs
- Unpredictability in planning process
- Risk to other equipment & personnel
- Not always possible to take static profile



WHAT IF YOU COULD:

10



**Increase Efficiency &
Decrease Costs**



**Improve Data
Quality**



**Eliminate XBT
Management**

...regardless of oceanographic conditions!

Moving Vessel Profiler (MVP)

11



MVP30/350* Profiles to 30m WD at 12 knots, and 155m* at 6 knots



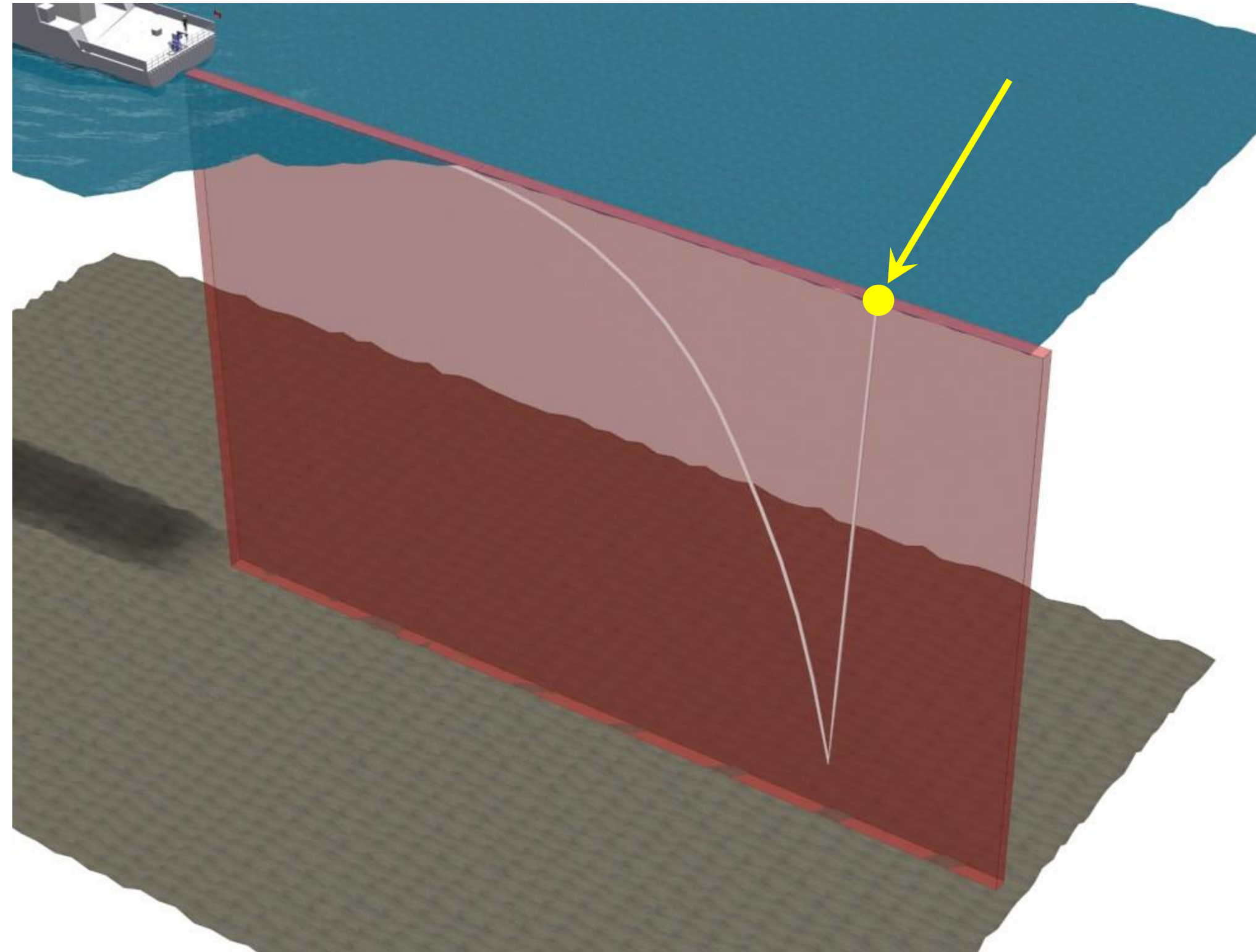
MVP200 Profiles to 200m WD at 12 knots, and 310m at 6 knots



MVP300 Profiles to 300m WD at 12 knots, and 1250m at 6 knots

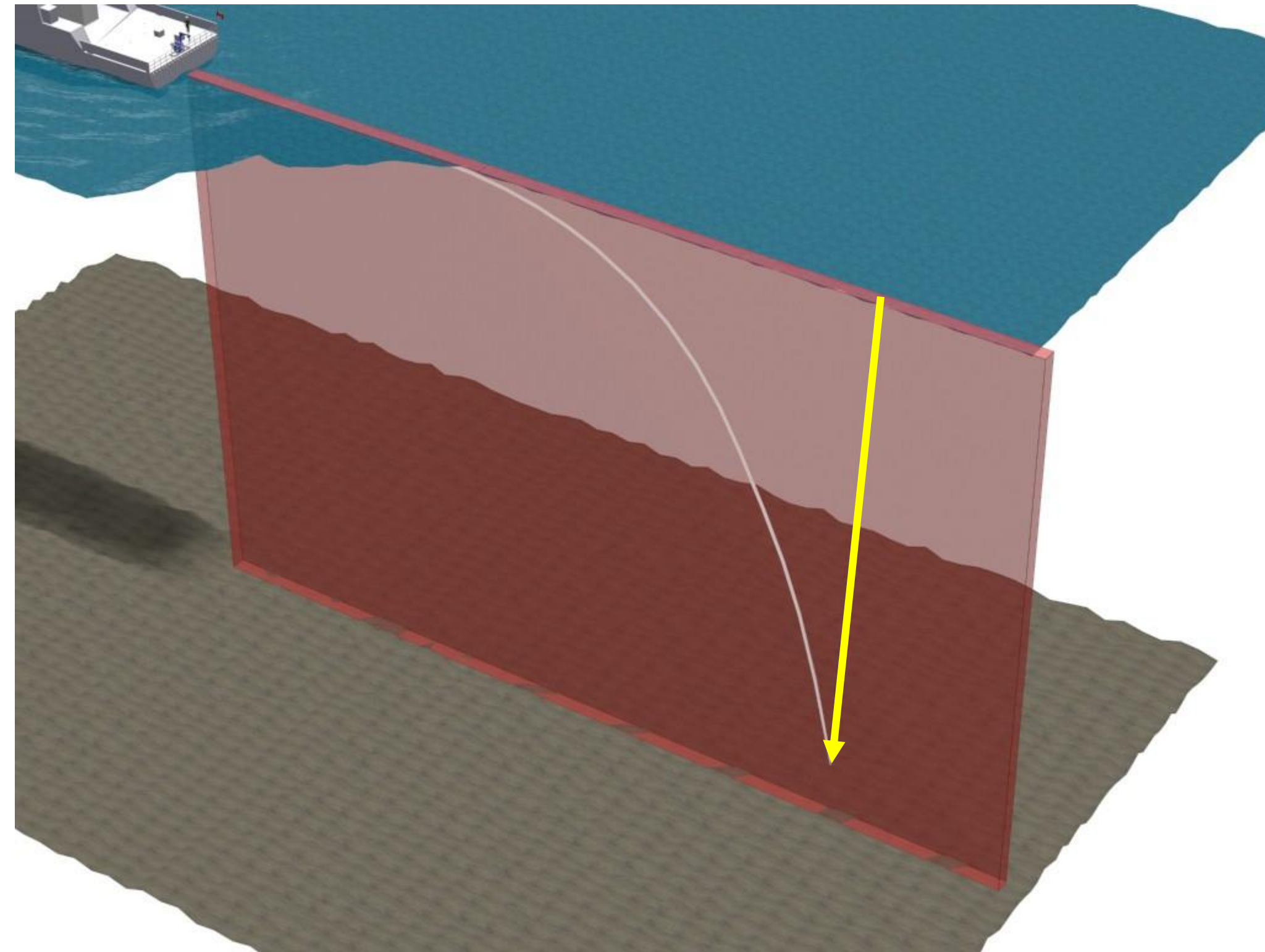
The MVP system: How it works

- Deployment



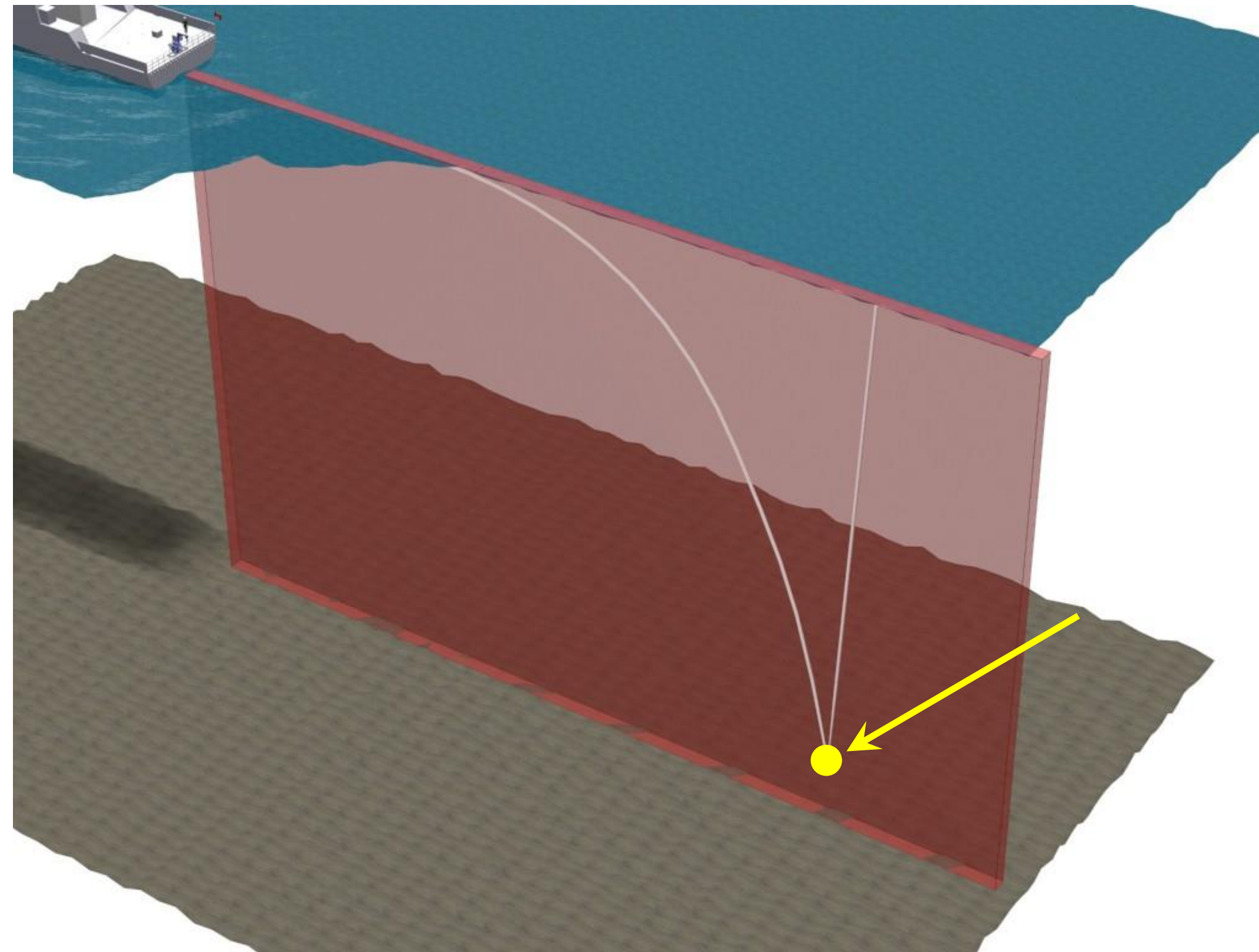
The MVP system: How it works

- Deployment
- Free Fall



The MVP system: How it works

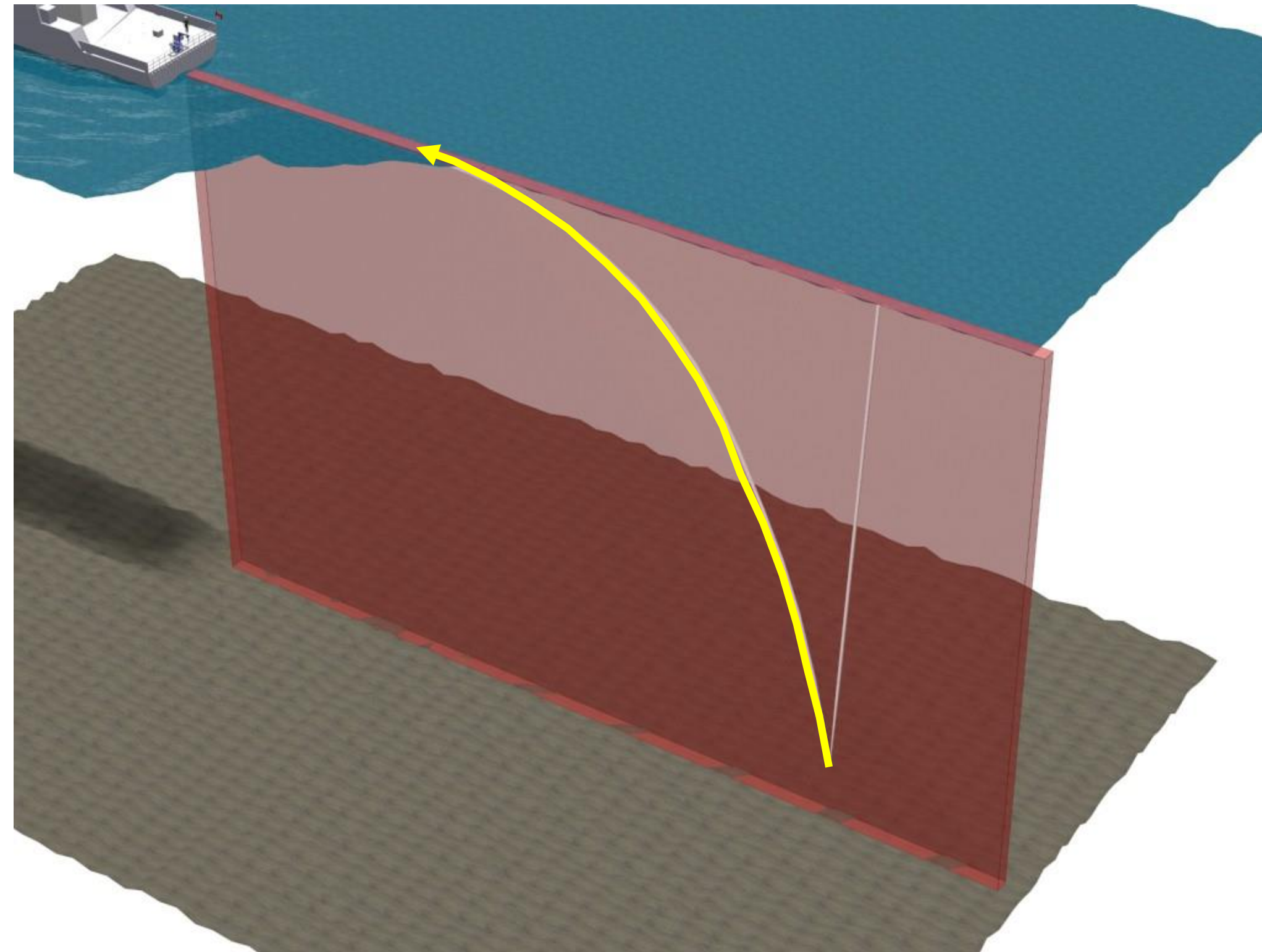
- Deployment
- Free Fall
- Fixed Depth or Altitude



SV file can be transferred via towcable for immediate application in MBES

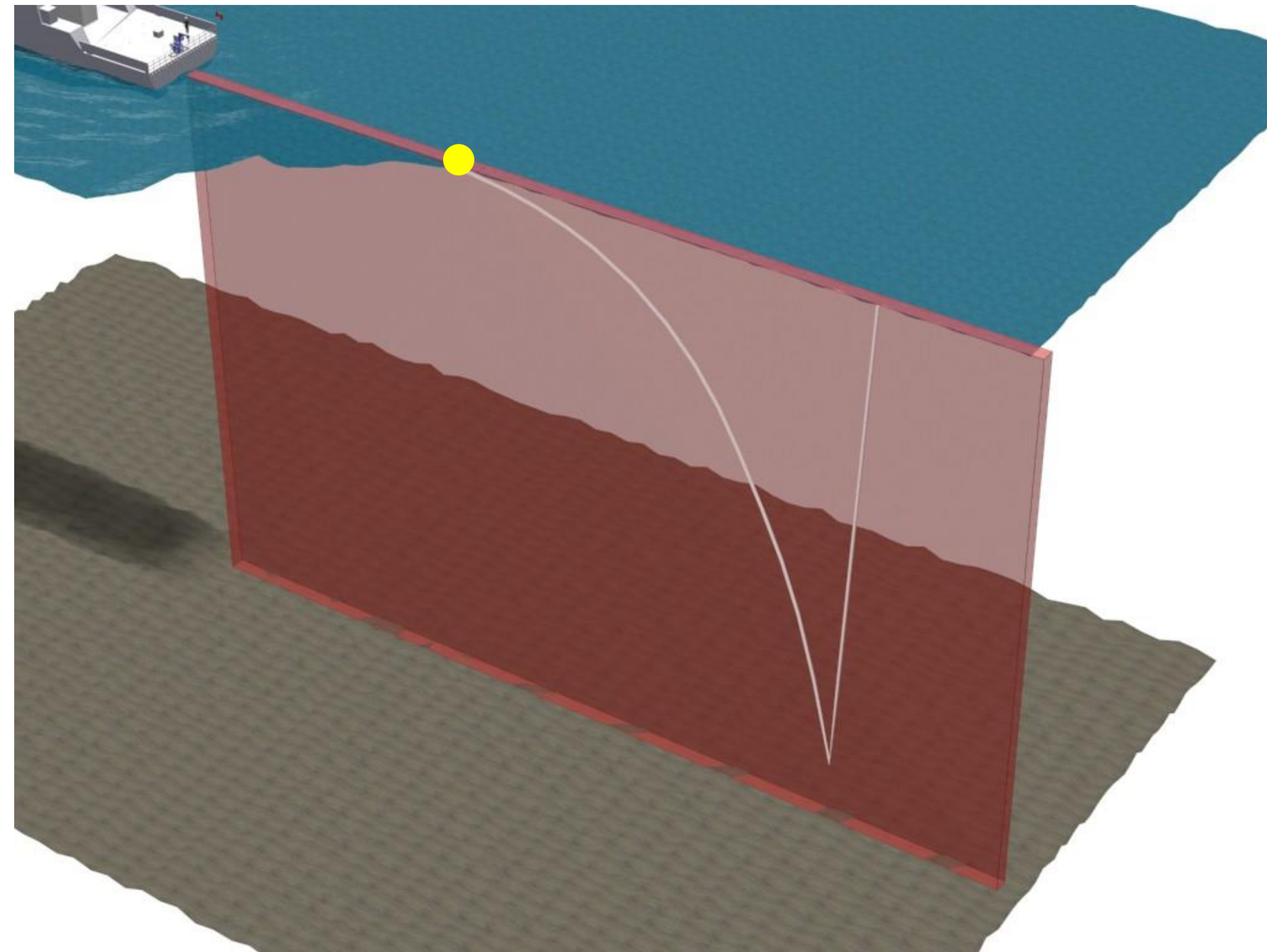
The MVP system: How it works

- Deployment
- Free Fall
- Maximum Depth
- Winch Recovery



The MVP system: How it works

- Deployment
- Free Fall
- Maximum Depth
- Winch Recovery
- Towed Position



System Specifications:

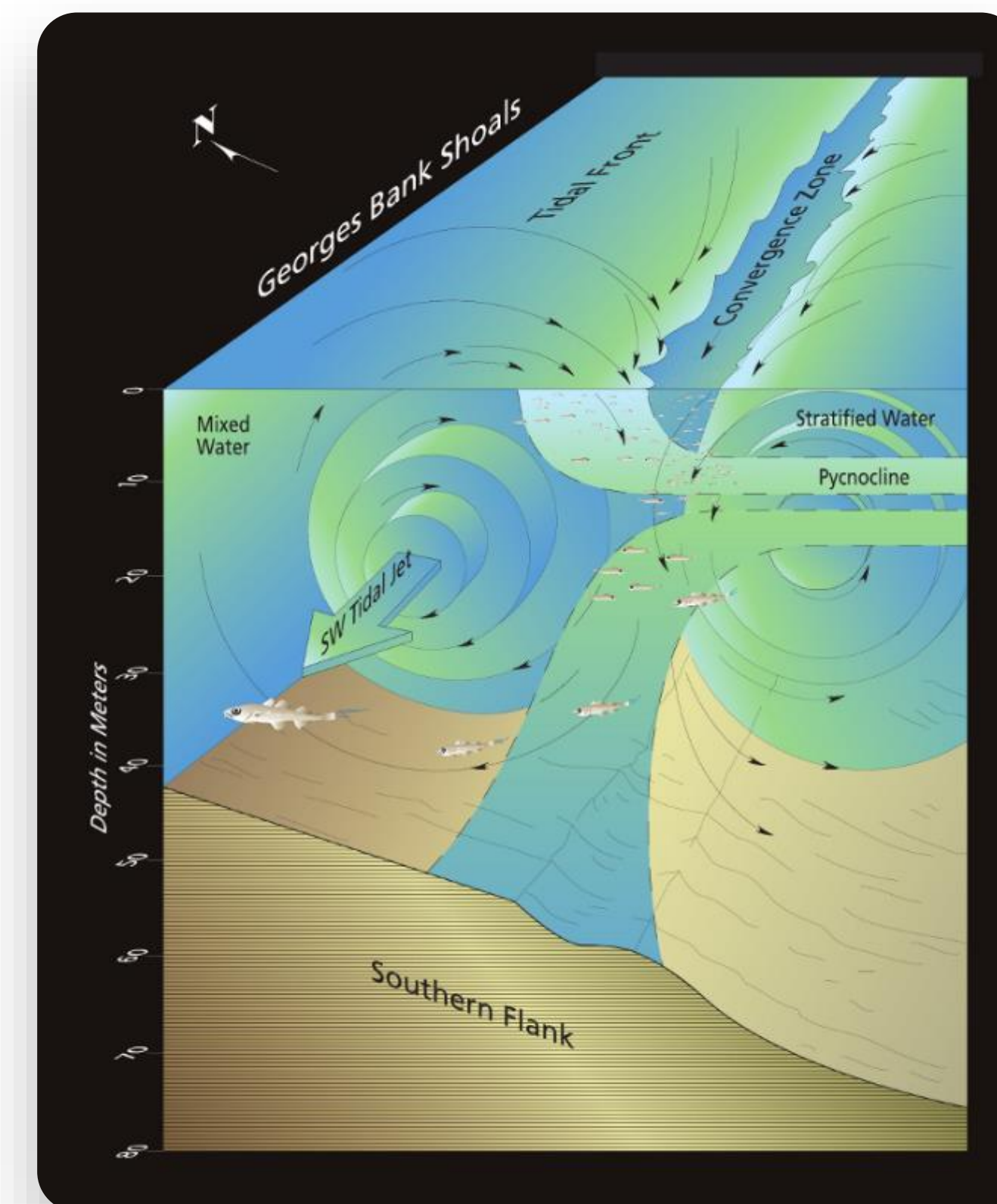
	MVP30		MVP30-350		MVP200		MVP300	
Speed (knots)	Depth Obtained (m)	Cycle Time (min.)	Depth Obtained (m)	Cycle Time (min.)	Depth Obtained (m)	Cycle Time (min.)	Depth Obtained (m)	Cycle Time (min.)
0	125	2.6	350	8.5	600	12.9	3400	70
1	105	2.5	280	7.8	520	9.9	2683	61
2	90	2.3	245	7.5	457	8.4	2200	57
3	80	2.2	228	7.3	406	7.4	1900	55
4	73	2.1	200	7.0	368	6.9	1650	53
5	66	2.1	175	6.7	335	6.5	1450	50
6	60	2.0	155	6.4	310	6.4	1250	46
7	56	1.9	140	5.8	285	6.0	950	37
8	51	1.8	121	5.1	265	5.9	740	29
9	47	1.7	90	4.2	250	5.8	580	23
10	42	1.7	70	3.3	235	5.8	460	19
11	35	1.6	55	2.5	223	5.7	370	16
12	30	1.6	30	2.2	200	5.6	300	13
Dimensions w/o boom (m)	0.7 x 0.3		0.9 x 0.7		1.3 x 0.7		2.0 x 2.0	
Weight (kg)	120		250		760		1800	
Power (hp)	1.5		1.5		15		25	

CASE STUDY

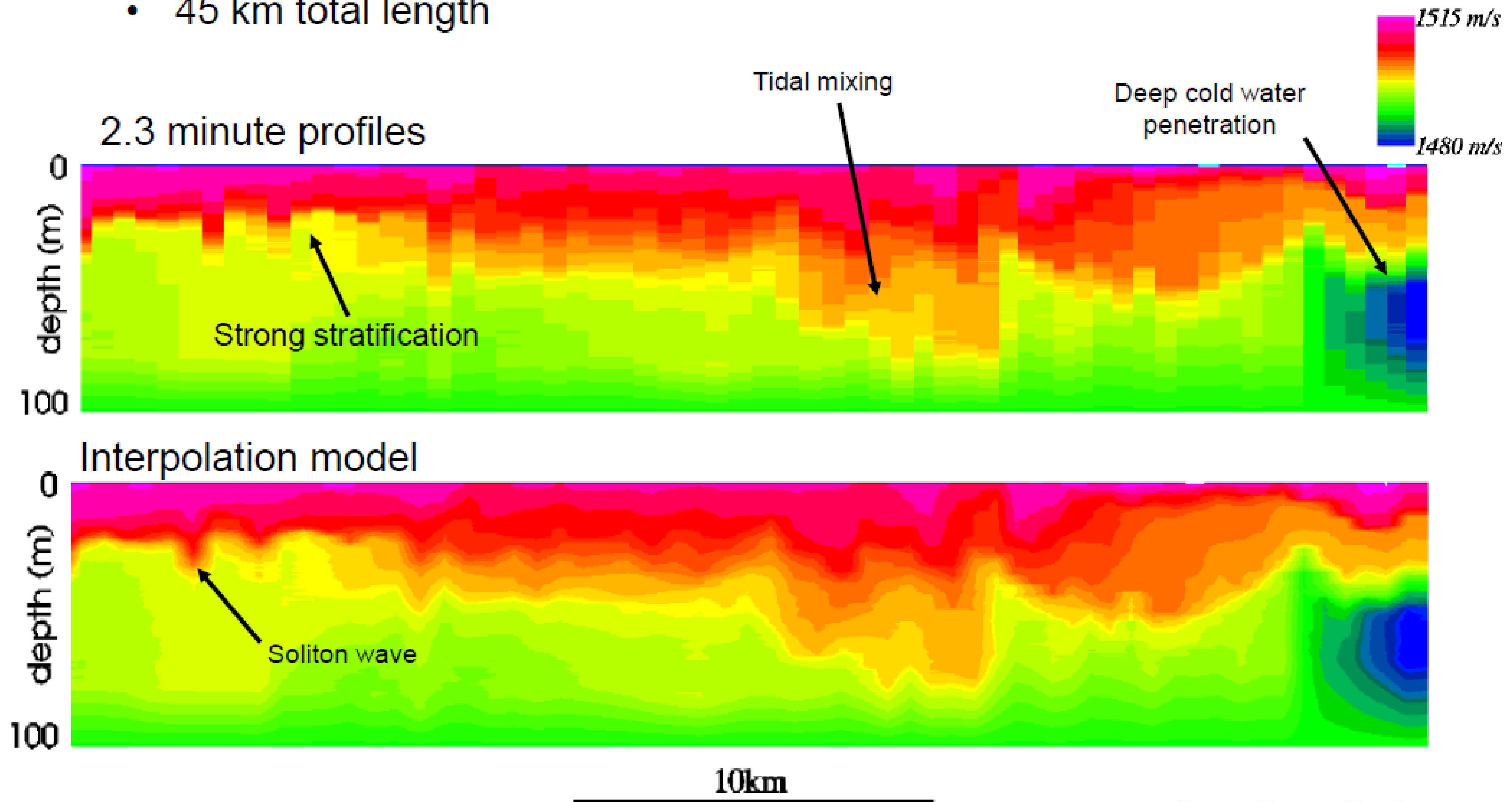
How often should I be taking a profile?

A demonstration of what happens when a water mass is under-sampled.

Figure 1-1. Map of the northwest Atlantic Shelf region, including the Gulf of Maine, Bay of Fundy, Georges Bank, and the Scotian Shelf.



- 60 individual casts (1 cast every 2.3 minutes)
- 45 km total length



COMPARISON: TIME BETWEEN PROFILES

20

Real Time

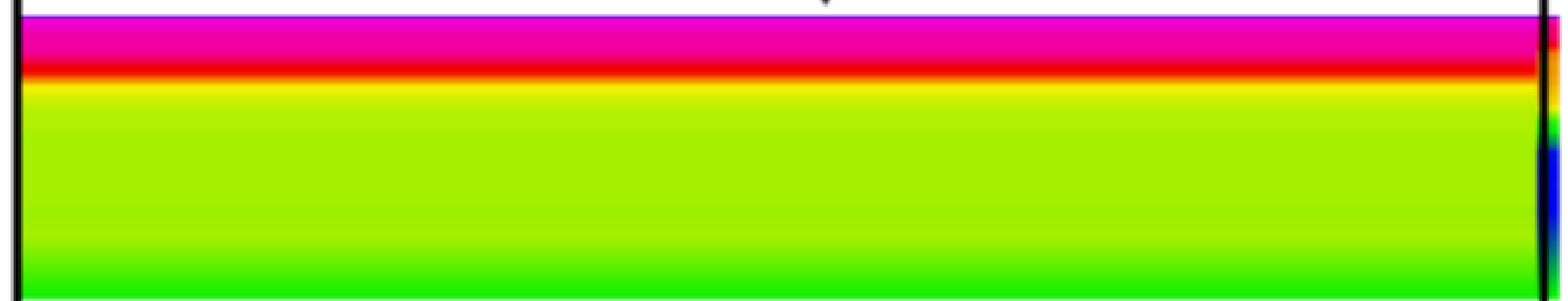
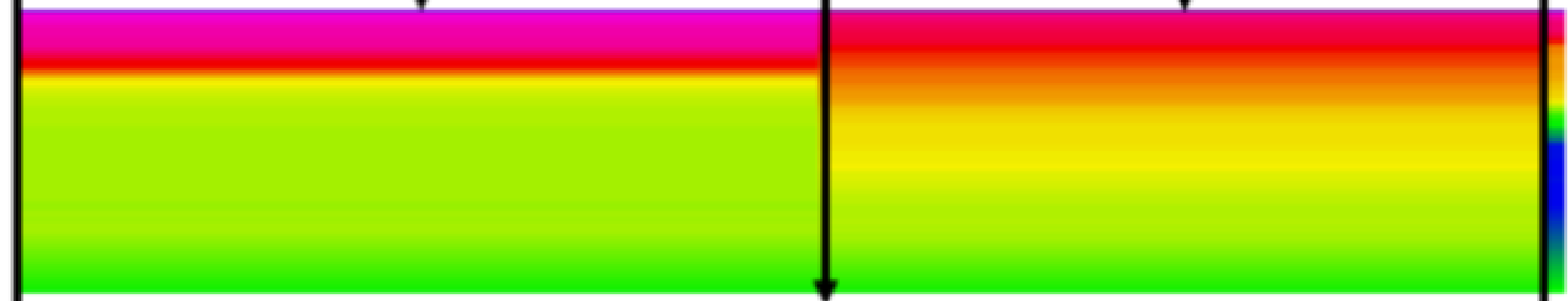
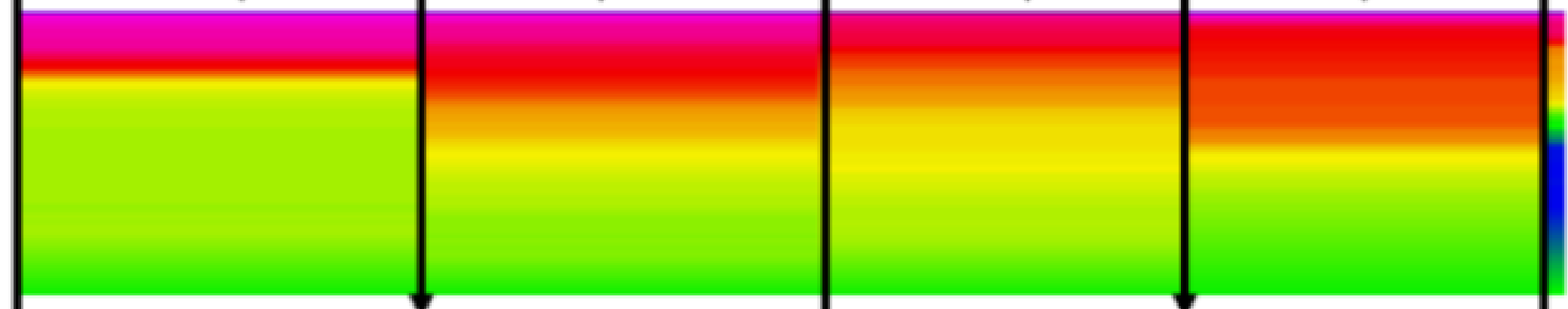
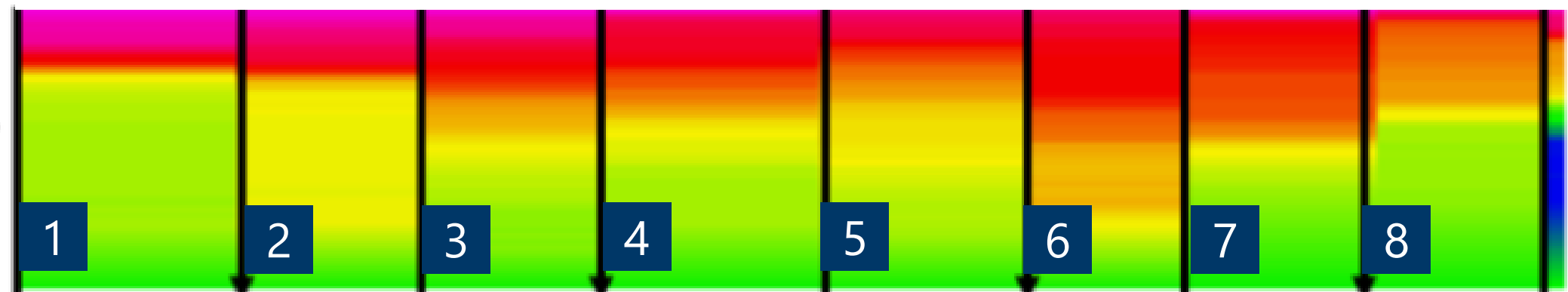
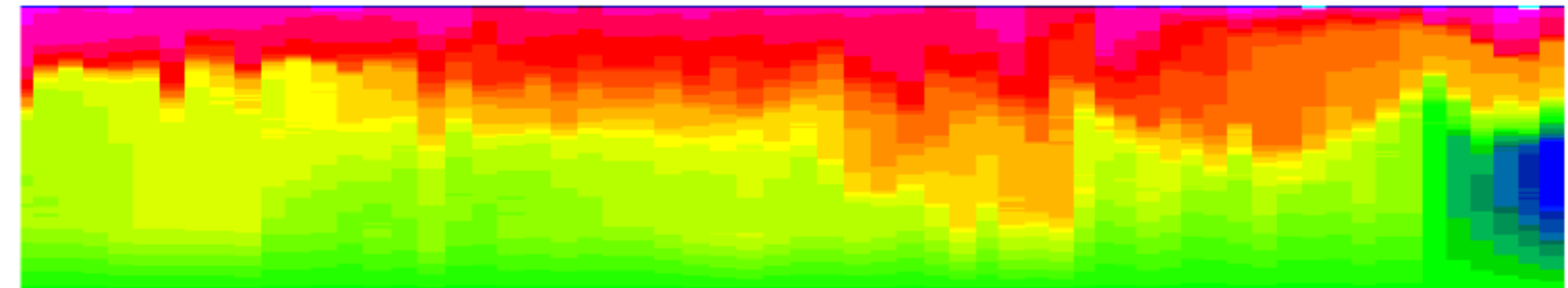
2.3 minute profiles
(reference)

17.5 minute profiles

35 minute profiles

70 minute profiles

140 minute profiles



Source: Integration of near-continuous sound speed profile information. J. H. Clarke, M. Lamhugh, E. Kammerer. May 2000

Interpolated

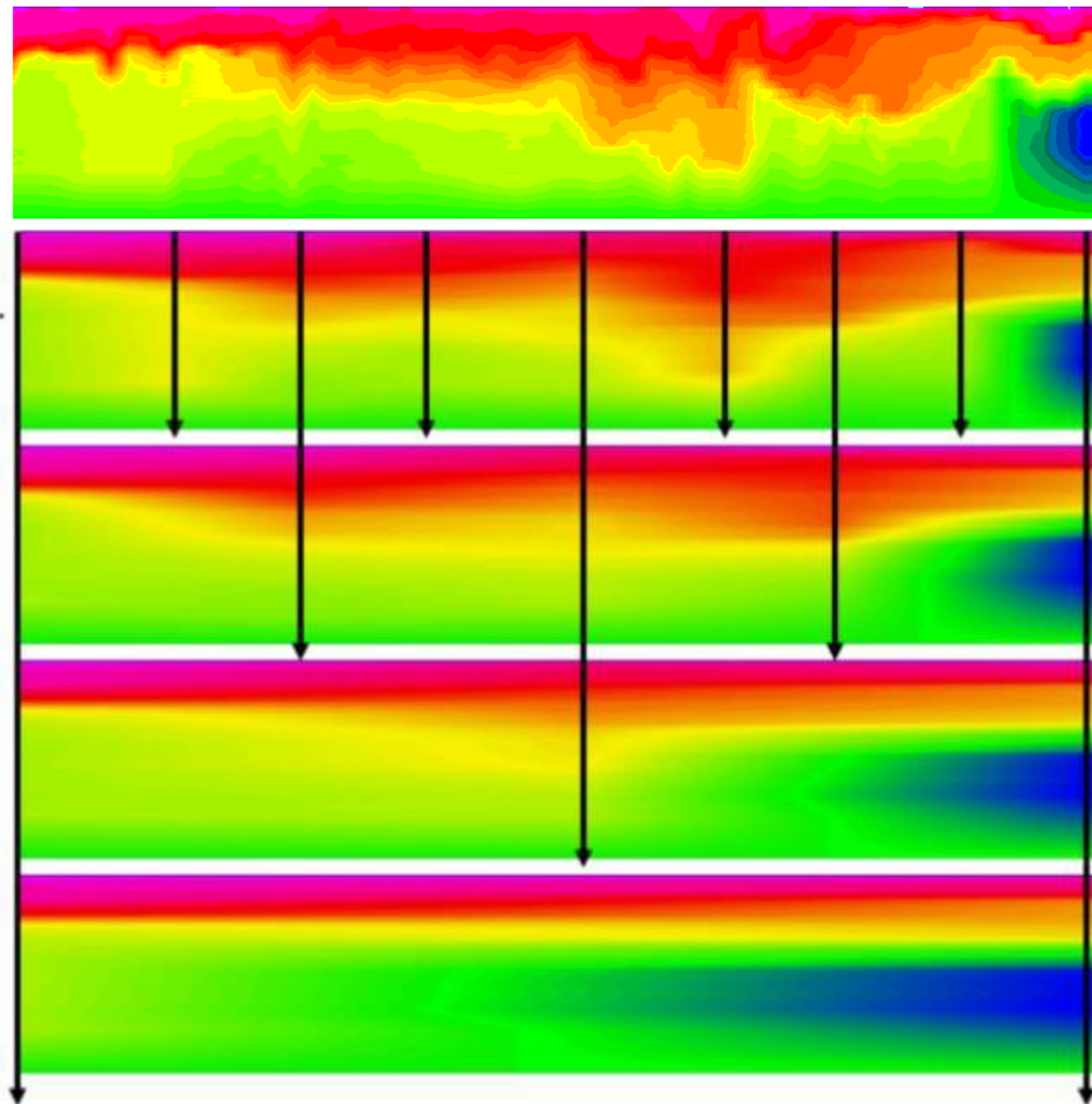
2.3 minute profiles
(~continuous)

17.5 minute profiles

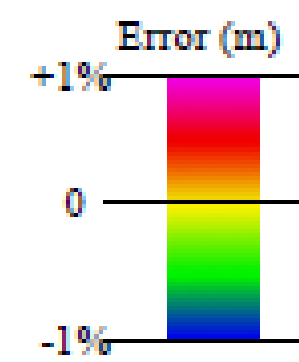
35 minute profiles

70 minute profiles

140 minute profiles



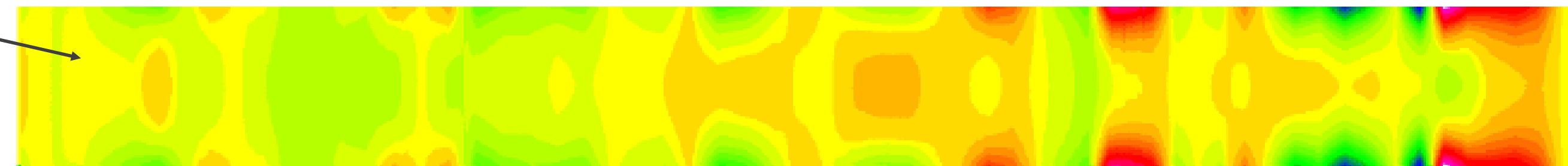
Interpolation is only useful and productive if the SV profile frequency is greater than the rate of change in oceanographic conditions.



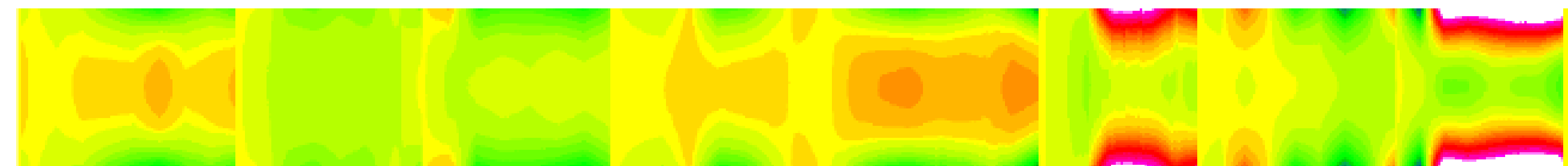
Depth difference

Profile weightings

17.5 minute MVP's interpolated

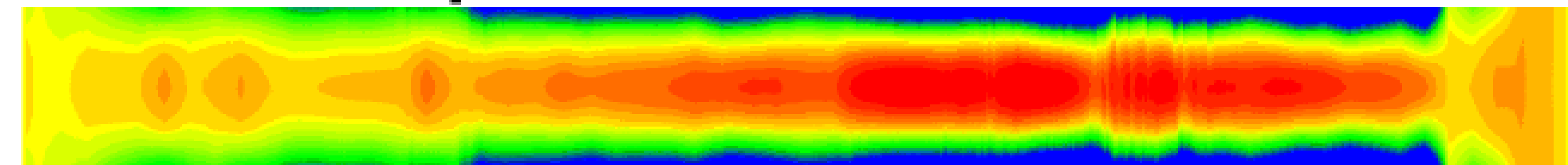


17.5 minute MVP's real-time

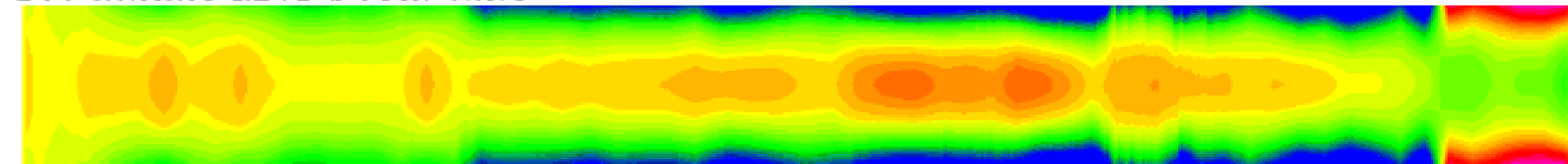


17.5 – Some error, but generally good agreement between interpolated and real time.

140 minute MVP's interpolated



140 minute MVP's real-time



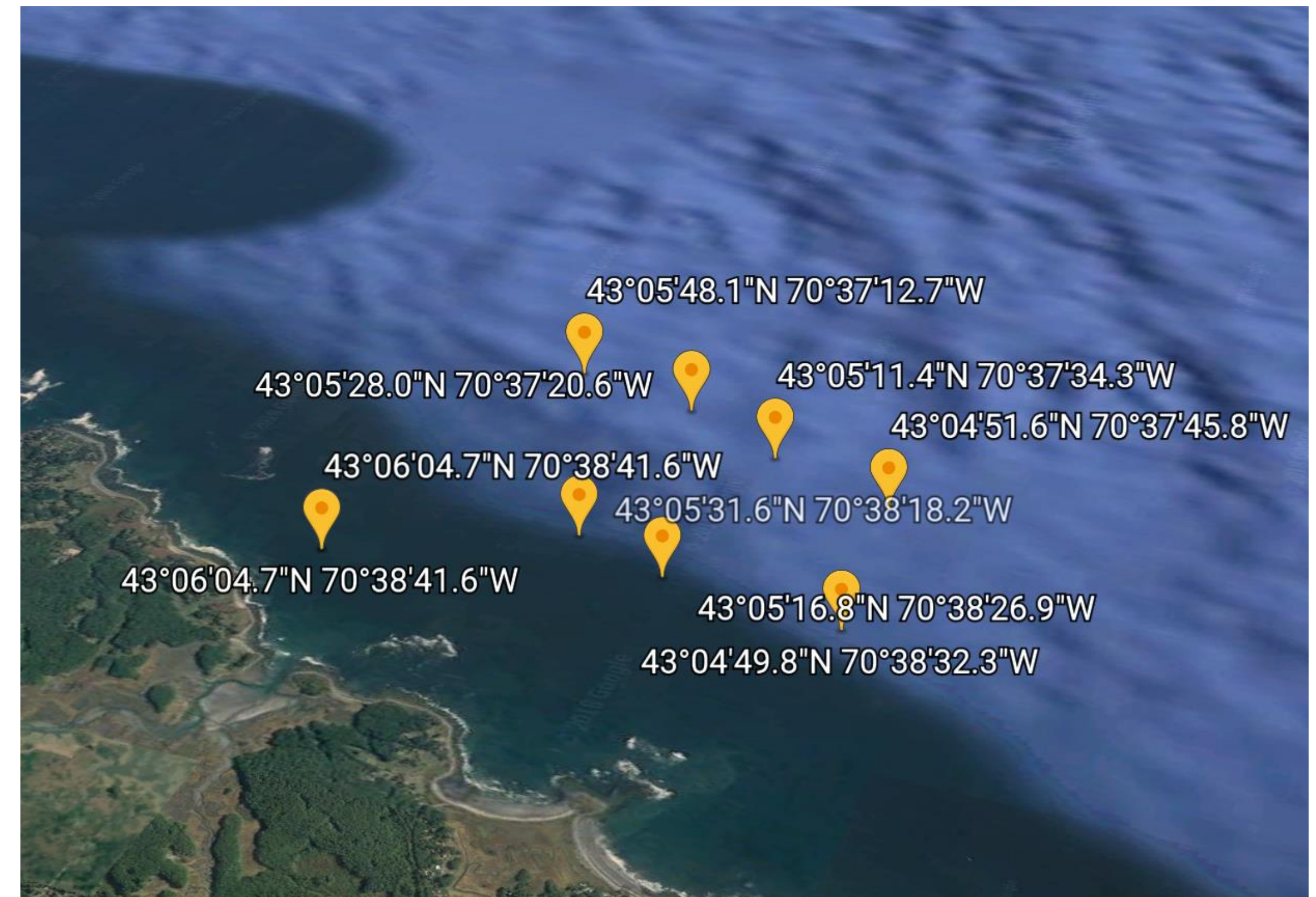
140 min – Disaster. Many errors between 1% and 5% of depth

CASE STUDY 2

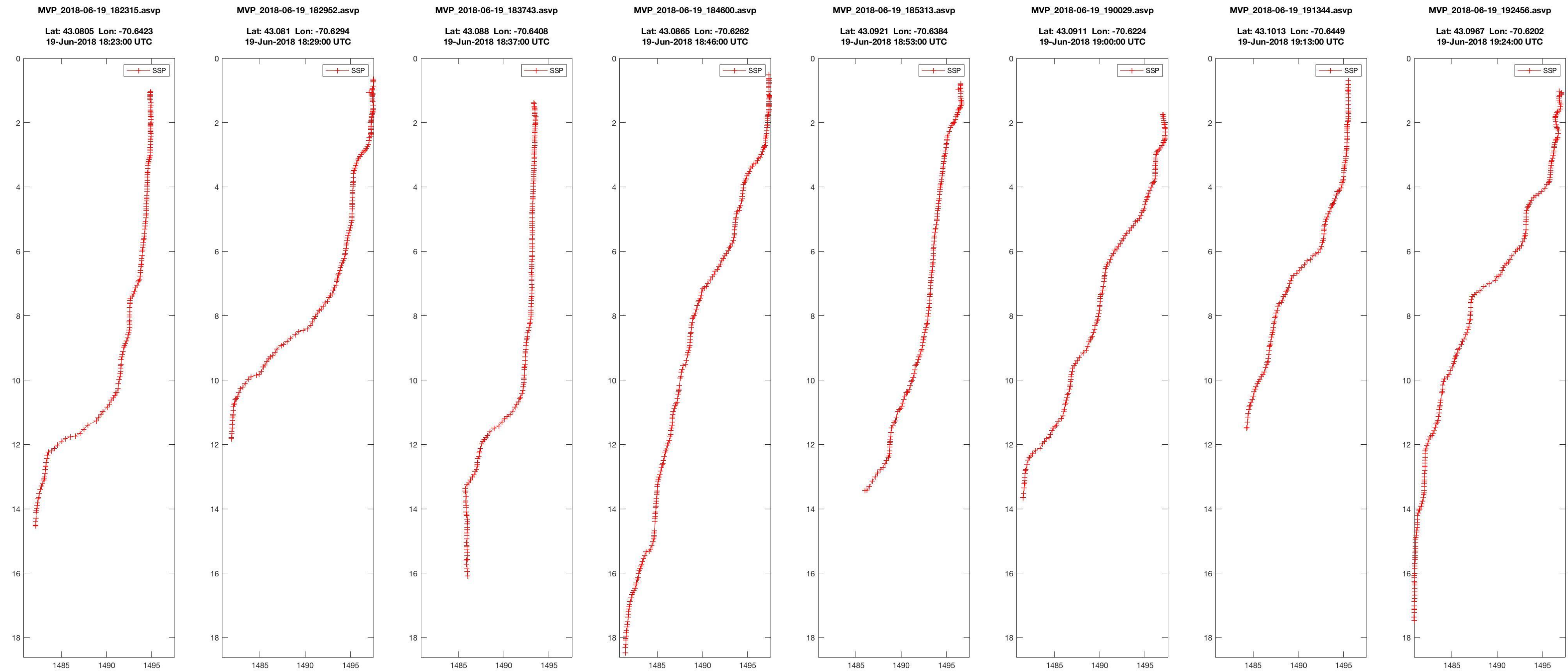
How often should I be taking a profile?

A demonstration of what happens when a water mass is under-sampled.

Figure 1-1. Map of the northwest Atlantic Shelf region, including the Gulf of Maine, Bay of Fundy, Georges Bank, and the Scotian Shelf.



Sound Speed Profiles Over Time

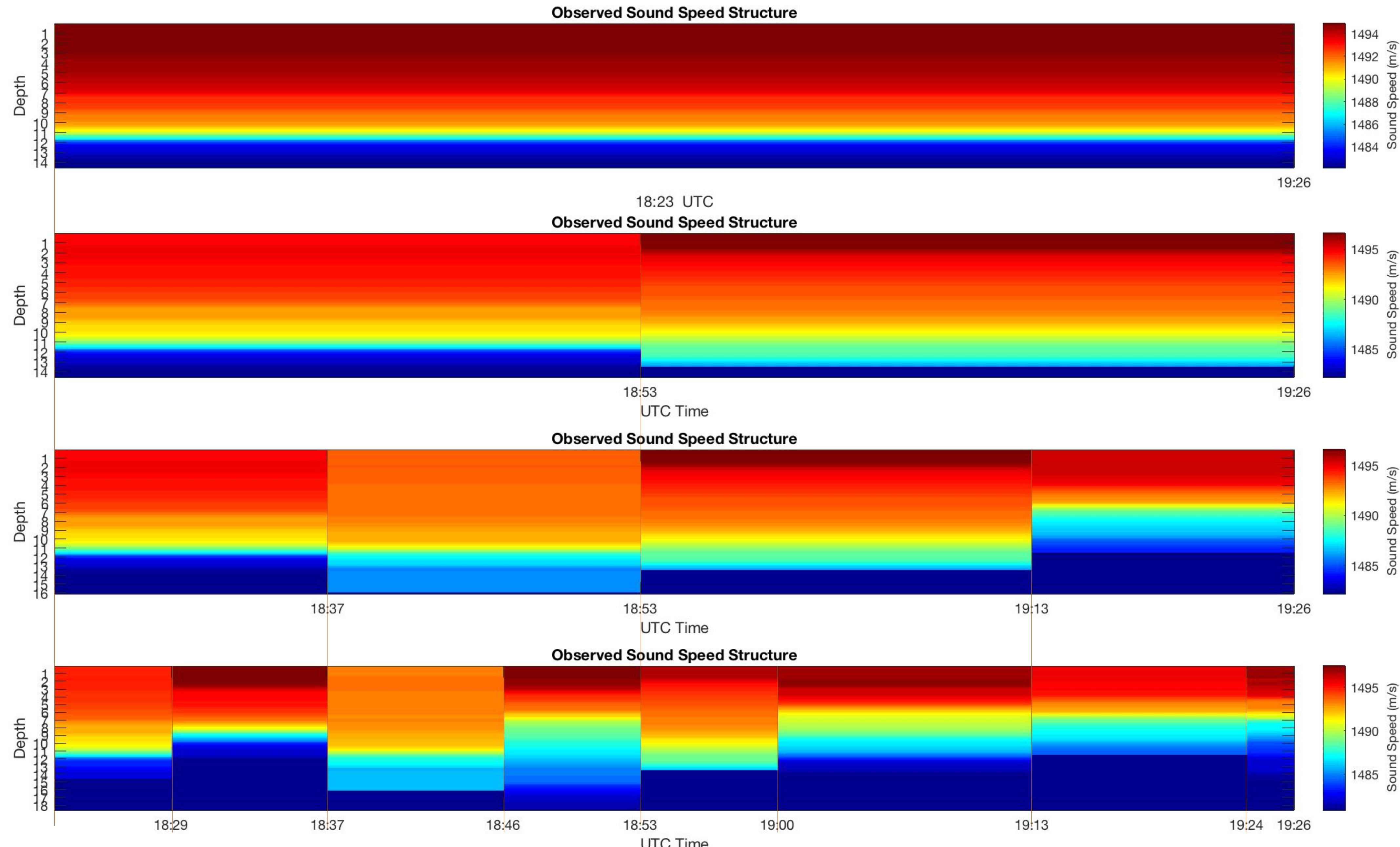


Very near shore (< 1 NM) along non linear Seacoast

Variations in sound speed primarily due to tidal currents affected by local bathymetry

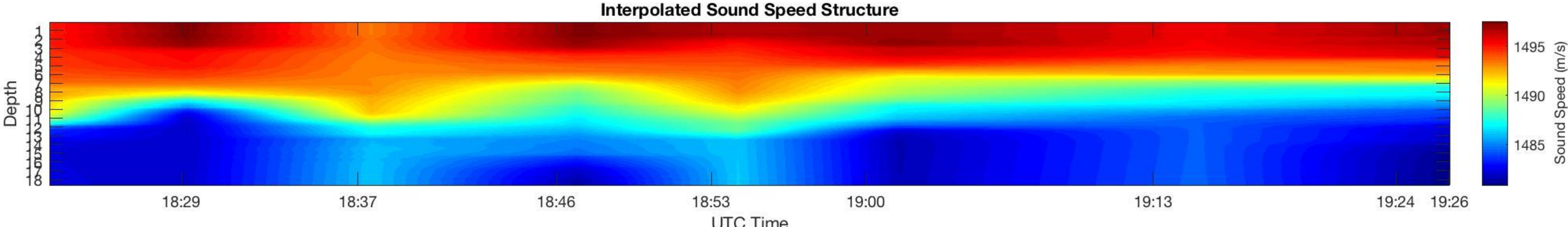
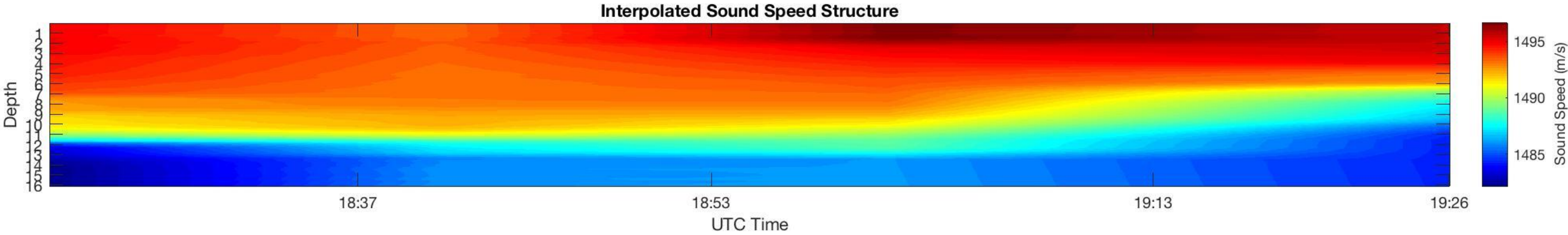
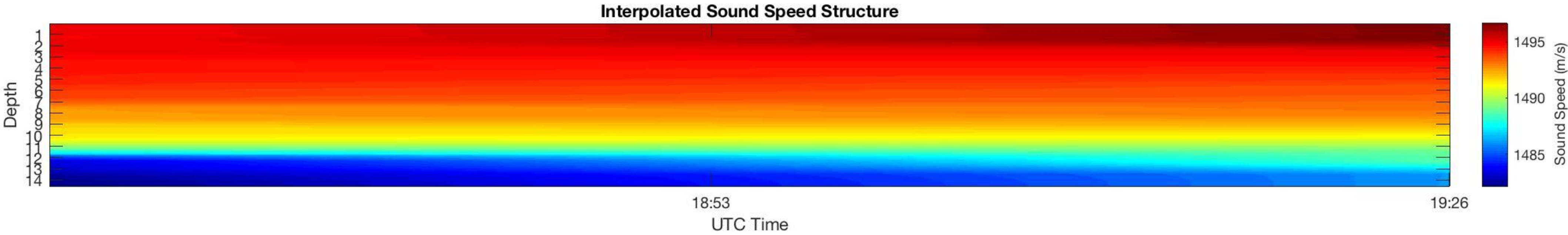
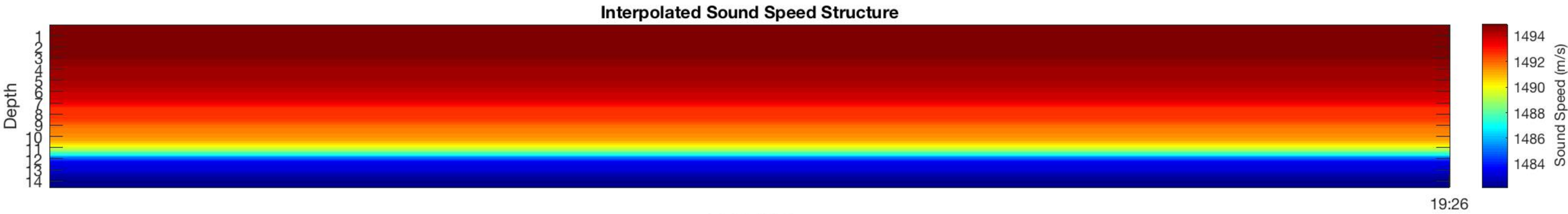
Observed Profiles

Courtesy of Semme Dijkstra, UNH.



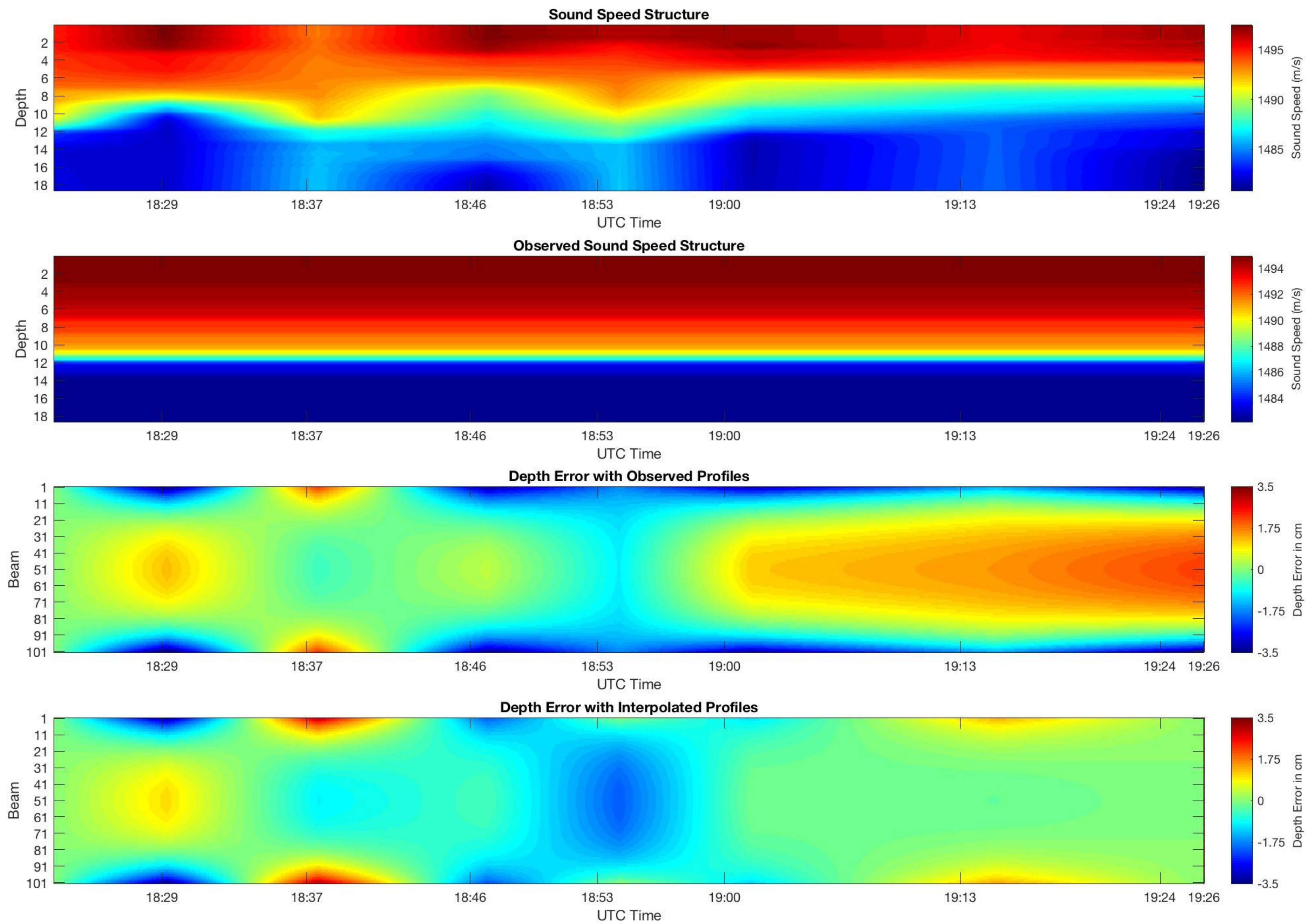
Interpolated Profiles

Courtesy of Semme Dijkstra, UNH.



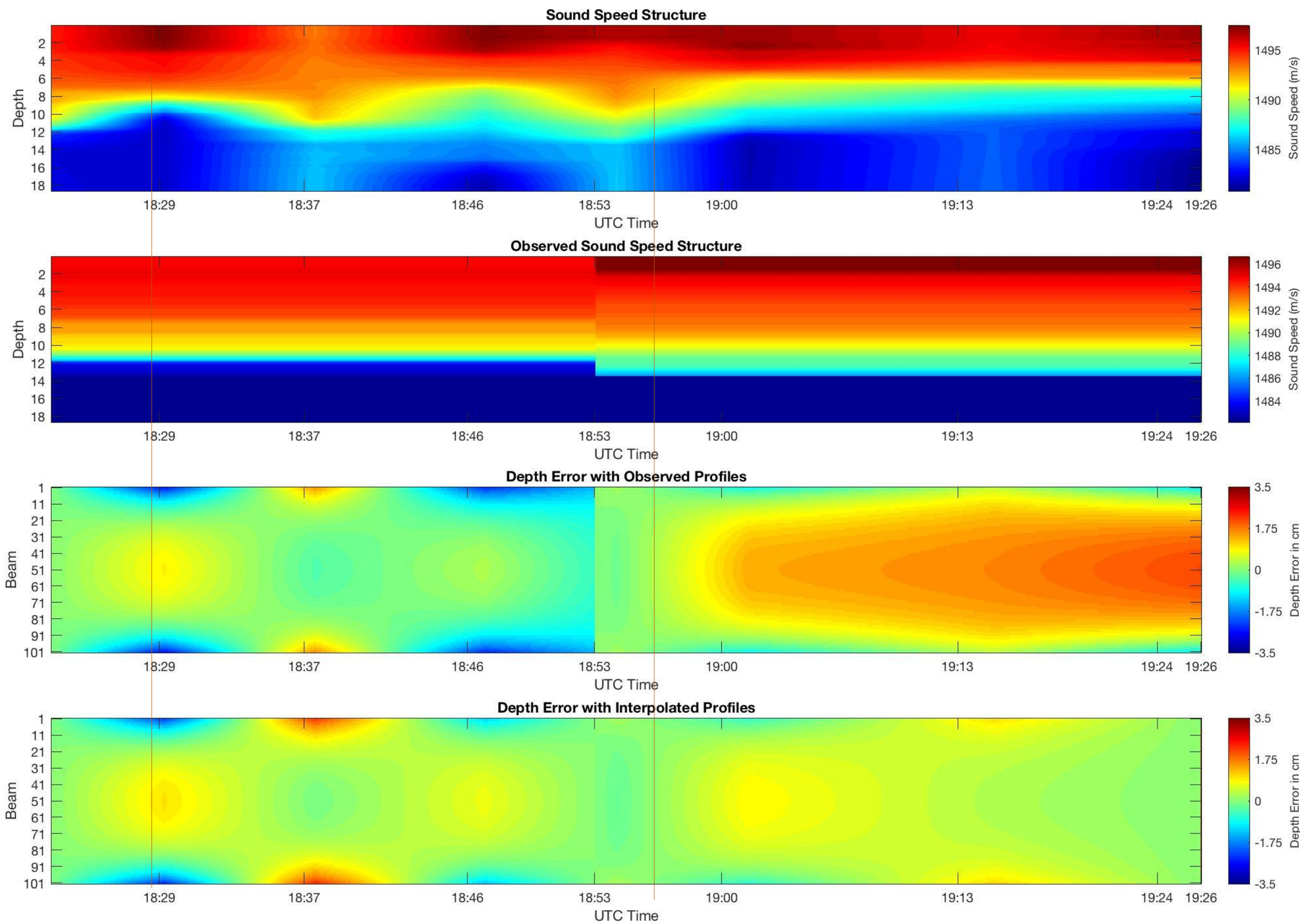
Depth Errors Using 1 Profile

Courtesy of Semme Dijkstra, UNH.



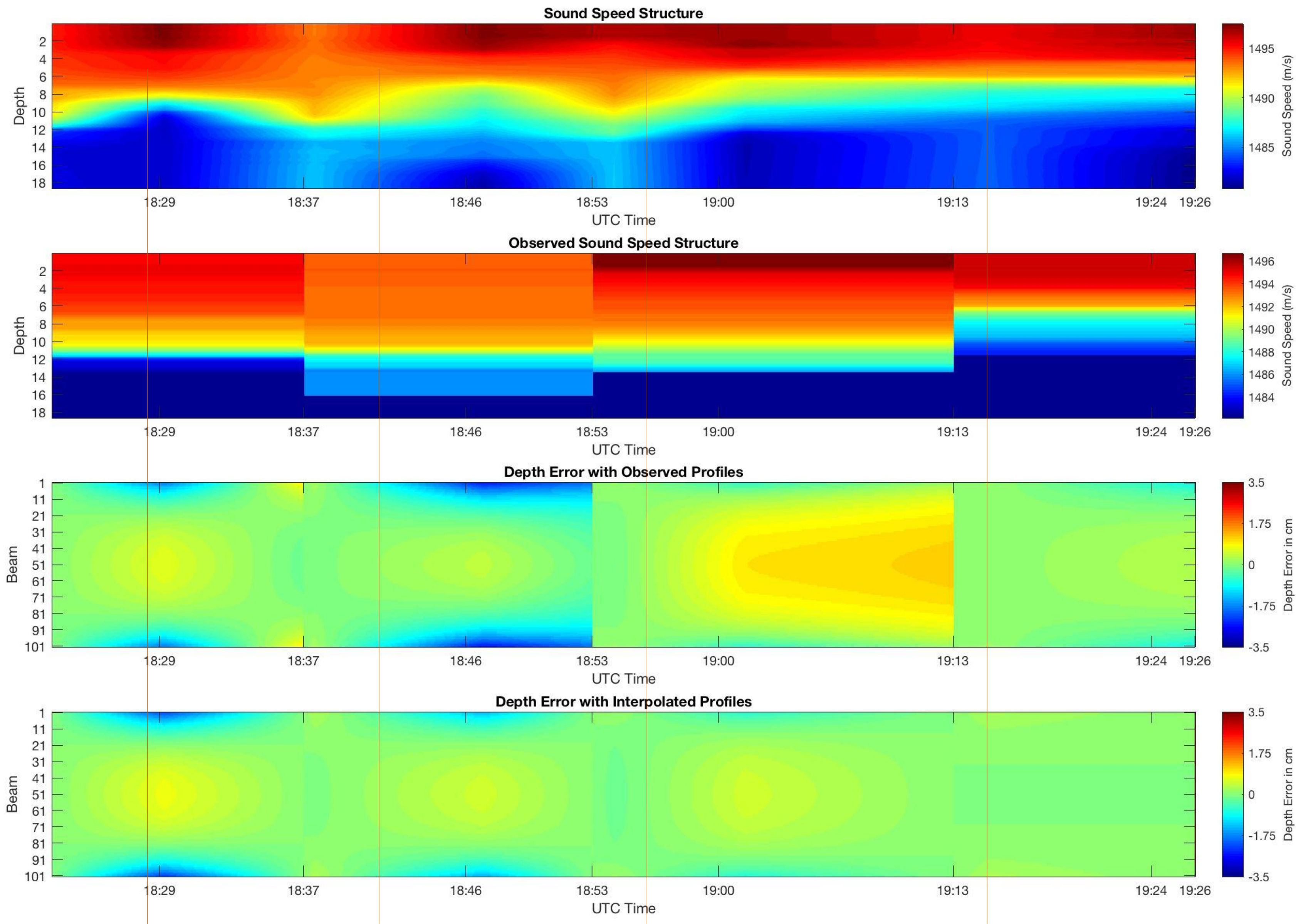
Depth Errors Using 2 Profiles

Courtesy of Semme Dijkstra, UNH.



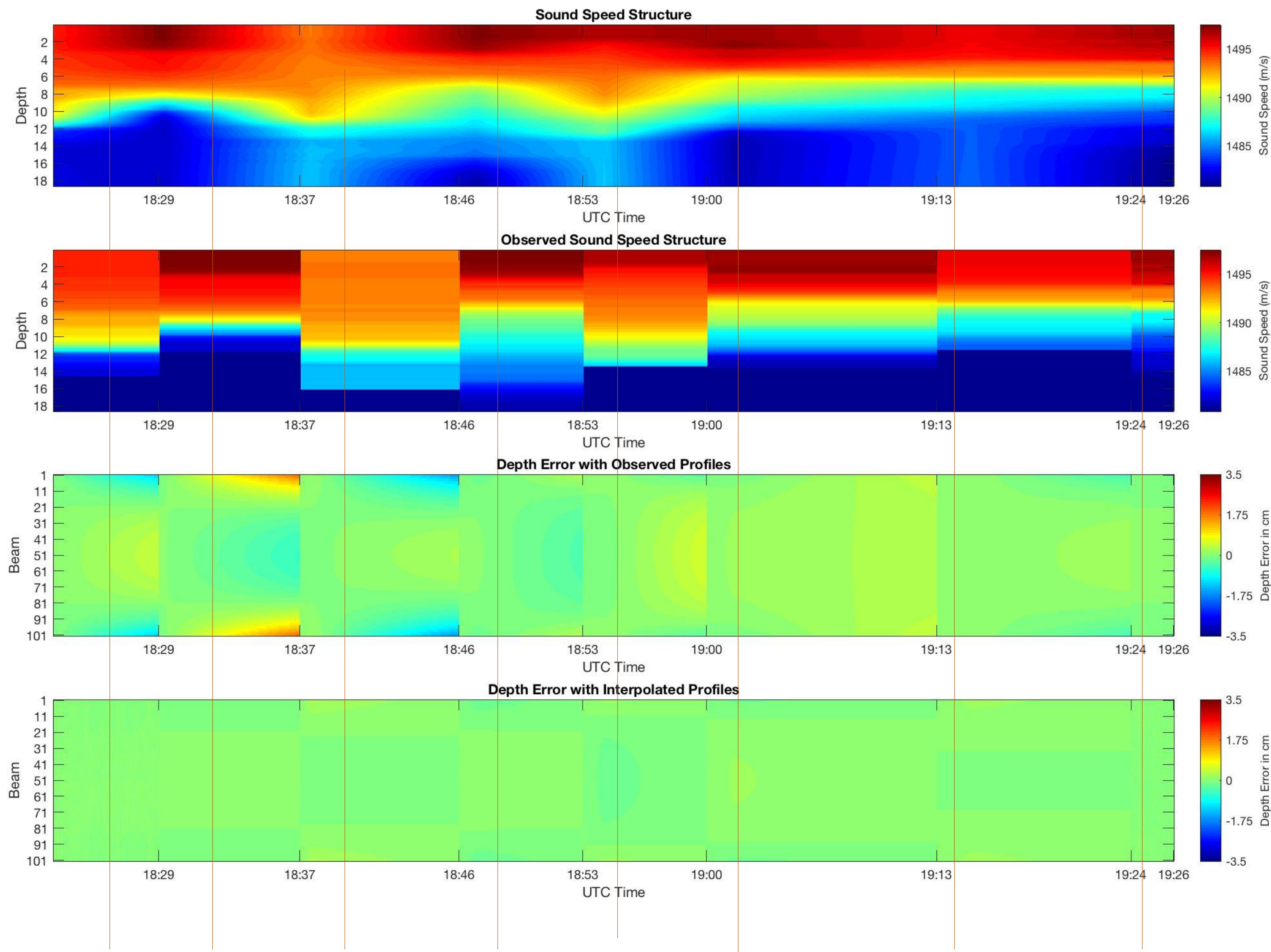
Depth Errors Using 4 Profiles

Courtesy of Semme Dijkstra, UNH.



Depth Errors Using 8 Profiles

Courtesy of Semme Dijkstra, UNH.



HOW DOES MVP COMPARE?

	MVP	Other Underway Profilers *	XBTs	Static Profilers
Real-time Data	✓	✗	✓	Some
High Density Data	✓	✓	✓	✗
Continuous Profiling	✓	✓	✗	✗
Full Water Column Coverage	✓	✗	✓	✓
Multiparameter Data	✓	✗	✗	✓
Military Grade	✓	✗	✓	✓
Automated Seabed Avoidance	✓	✗	✗	✗

* vertical profiles

AML help hydrographic organizations increase survey efficiency and improve data quality, regardless of prevailing oceanographic conditions.



**University of
New Hampshire**

ROYAL NETHERLANDS NAVY

33

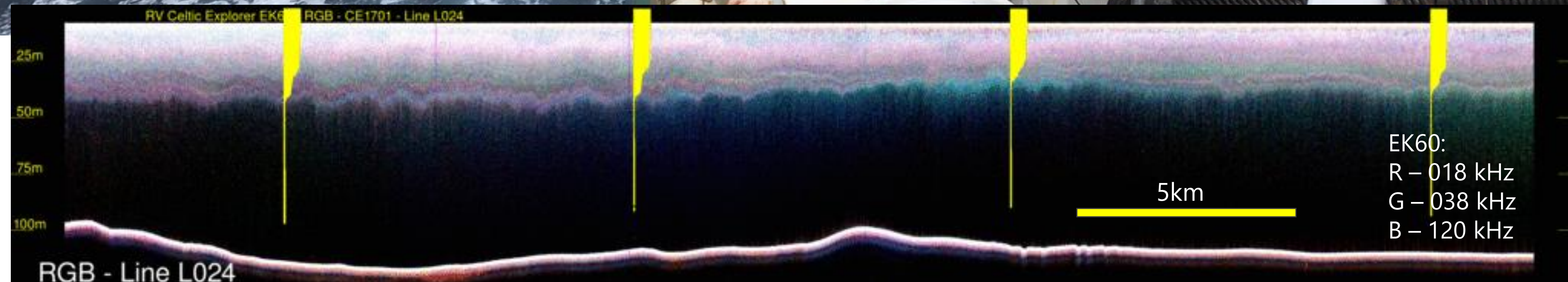


MVP-200 operating in Seastate 7

Deploying to ~ 100m every 30 minutes at 8 knots



500 profiles in 12 days
each profile equivalent to
~ 0.5 hours stationary
(ship cost ~ US\$1000 per hour)



Courtesy of INFOMAR and John Hughes Clarke, UNH.

How often should I be taking a profile?

35



The Right Answer:

Continuously ?

As often as practically possible?

Probably more often than you do today!



Questions?

AMLoceanographic.com

Contact

+1 250-656-0771

sales@amloceanographic.com