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**INTERGOVERNMENTAL  
OCEANOGRAPHIC  
COMMISSION (of UNESCO)**



**INTERNATIONAL  
HYDROGRAPHIC  
ORGANIZATION**



**Fourteenth meeting of the GEBCO  
Sub-Committee on  
Undersea Feature Names (SCUFN)**

**Hydrographic Department, Japan Coast Guard  
Tokyo, Japan  
17-20 April 2001**

**Addendum to  
SUMMARY REPORT**

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#### 4.2.5bis Names shown on Japanese Bathymetric Chart N° 6726

1	IO Valley	25°05'N 140°35'E	24°30'N 140°13'E		GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted** as “Valley” (instead of “Canyon” as shown on the chart).

*Named after the nearby island of Io.*

2	SHICHITO-IOJIMA Ridge	30°00'N 140°10'E	24°00'N 141°30'E		GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.** Contains 15 seamounts, 5 knolls and 3 banks.

*“Shichito” designates a group of seven islands in this area. “Iojima” means “Island of Io”, “Io” being a nearby island and “Jima” the Japanese term for “island”.*

3	DAIICHI-SOFU Knoll	29°53'.5N 140°04'.5E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.** Relief: 400m. Least depth: 2200m.

*Named after the nearby Sofu Rock. “Daiich” means “first” in Japanese. “Sofu” is the Japanese term for “widow”.*

4	SOFU Seamount	29°46'.6N 140°11'.8E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.** Relief: 1500m. Least depth: 458m.

*Named after the nearby Sofu Rock. “Sofu” is the Japanese term for “widow”.*

5	OMACHI Seamount	29°13'.0N 140°46'.5E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.** Relief: 2000m. Least depth: 1650m.

*Named after the Japanese marine geologist K. Omachi who worked at the Geological Survey of Japan.*

6	SHICHIYO Seamount Chain	29°29'N 140°20'.2E	28°34'N 140°38'E	27°40'N 140°48'E	GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted,** pending Japanese national approval.

**Action:** Japanese Committee on U.F.N. to consider accepting this name and to provide

information on its origin.

*"Shichiyo" is the Japanese term for "seven days of the week".*

**Note:** The Shichiyo Seamount Chain encompasses all features numbered 7 to 13 below.

7	NICHIYO Seamount	29°29'.0N 140°20'.2E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.** Relief: 1500m. Least depth: 832m.

*"Nichiyo" is the Japanese term for "Sunday".*

8	GETSUYO Seamount	29°18'.0N 140°27'.7E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.** Relief: 2500m. Least depth: 530m.

*"Getsuyo" is the Japanese term for "Monday".*

9	KAYO Seamount	29°03'.2N 140°31'.7E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.** Relief: 2500m. Least depth: 589m.

*"Kayo" is the Japanese term for "Tuesday".*

10	SUIYO Seamount	28°34'.0N 140°38'.0E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.** Relief: 2000m. Least depth: 877m.

*"Suiyo" is the Japanese term for "Wednesday".*

11	MOKUYO Seamount	28°19'.0N 140°35'.0E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.** Relief: 2000m. Least depth: 819m.

*"Mokuyo" is the Japanese term for "Thursday".*

12	KINYO Seamount	28°03'.5N 140°47'.0E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.** Relief: 2500m. Least depth: 656m. Two small peaks.

*"Kinryo" is the Japanese term for "Friday".*

13	DOYO Seamount	27°40'.4N 140°48'.0E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.** Relief: 2500m. Least depth: 371m.

*"Doyo" is the Japanese term for "Saturday".*

14	SAWA Seamount	27°40'.0N 140°26'.0E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.** Relief: 2000m. Least depth: 921m.

*Named after the Japanese geologist T. Sawa who was Director of the Geological Survey of Japan.*

15	KAIKATA Seamount	26°40'.5N 140°56'.0E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.** Relief: 2500m. Least depth: 162m. Three peaks shoaler than 500m

*Named after the Japanese fishery vessel "Kaikata". She reported the eruption of 1952.*

16	KITA-IO Bank	25°19'.0N 141°14'.0E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.** Relief: 500m. Least depth: 75m.

*Named after the nearby island of Io (Kita = North, in Japanese).*

17	NISHI-KAIKATA Seamount	26°15'.5N 140°07'.5E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.** Relief: 1200m. Least depth: 2300m.

*Named after the Japanese fishery vessel "Kaikata". She reported the eruption of 1952. (Nishi= West, in Japanese).*

18	KAITOKU Seamounts	26°14'N 141°02'E	26°07'N 141°07'E	26°03'N 140°57'E	GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted,** pending Japanese national approval.

**Action:** Japanese Committee on U.F.N. to consider accepting this name.

*Named after the Japanese fishery vessel "Kaitoku". She witnessed the first major eruption.*

19	KAITOKU Bank	26°04'.0N 140°57'.0E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted**, as “Bank” (instead of “Seamount” as shown on the chart), pending Japanese national approval. Relief: 2500m. Least depth: 103m.

**Action:** Japanese Committee on U.F.N. to consider accepting this feature name.

*Named after the Japanese fishery vessel “Kaitoku”. She witnessed the first major eruption.*

20	KITA-KAISE Knoll	25°10'.4N 141°15'.0E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted**, as “Knoll” (instead of “Bank” as shown on the chart). Relief: 1200m. Least depth: 283m.

*Named after the Japanese fishery vessel “Kaise”. She witnessed volcanic activities first hand. (Kita = North, in Japanese).*

21	NISHI-IO Knoll	24°53'.0N 140°35'.5E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted**. Relief: 600m. Least depth: 2110m.

*Named after the nearby island of Io (Nishi = West, in Japanese).*

22	NISHI-KAISE Knoll	24°50'.2N 141°01'.0E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted**. Relief: 600m. Least depth: 526m.

*Named after the Japanese fishery vessel “Kaise”. She witnessed volcanic activities first hand. (Nishi = West, in Japanese).*

23	KAIJIN Knoll	24°33.5'N 141°20'.0E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted**. Relief: 700m. Least depth: 246m.

*Named after the Japanese fishery vessel “Kaijin”. She witnessed volcanic activities first hand.*

24	KAISE Knoll	24°50'.3N 141°08'.6E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted**. Relief: 400m. Least depth: 198m.

*Named after the Japanese fishery vessel “Kaise”. She witnessed volcanic activities first hand.*

25	NISHI-FUKUTOKU Seamount	24°03'.0N 141°14'.8E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.** Relief: 900m. Least depth: 513m.

*Named after the Japanese fishery vessel "Fukutoku". She reported the first major eruption. (Nishi = West, in Japanese).*

26	KITA-FUKUTOKU Bank	24°25'.0N 141°25'.0E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.** Relief: 900m. Least depth: 73m.

*Named after the Japanese fishery vessel "Fukutoku". She reported the first major eruption. (Kita = North, in Japanese).*

27	FUKUTOKU Seamount	24°03'.5N 141°37'.0E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.** Relief: 1500m. Least depth: 201m.

*Named after the Japanese fishery vessel "Fukutoku".*

28	OGASAWARA Through	29°15'N 141°12'E	25°00'N 141°50'E		GEBCO 5.06
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**Already in GEBCO Gazetteer. Revised positions accepted.**

*Named after the nearby island of Ogasawara.*

29	OGASAWARA Ridge	29°40'N 141°27'E	24°50'N 142°20'E		GEBCO 5.06
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**Already in GEBCO Gazetteer. Revised positions accepted.** Contains one seamount and two knolls.

*Named after the nearby island of Ogasawara.*

**Note:** Called "Bonin Ridge" in ACUF Gazetteer.

30	HAHAJIMA Seamount	26°13'.5N 143°04'.5E	26°26'.5N 142°56'.4E		GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.** Relief: 2500m. Least depths: 980m and 1190m. Elongated, two peaks.

*Named after the nearby island of Hahajima.*

31	IMOTOJIMA Knoll	25°28'.5N 142°40'.5E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.** Relief: 400m. Least depth: 1480m.

*Named after the nearby island of Imotojima.*

32	ANEJIMA Knoll	25°15'.0N 142°18'.0E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.** Relief: 600m. Least depth: 1530m.

*Named after the nearby island of Anejima.*

33	SUDA Ridge	26°10'N 144°50'E	25°47'N 149°10'E		GEBCO 5.06
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Named "Ogasawara Plateau" (East Sector) in the GEBCO Gazetteer. **Accepted** as "Suda Ridge", pending Japanese national approval.

**Action:** Japanese Committee on U.F.N. to consider accepting this name.

*Named after the former Japanese Hydrographer Kanji Suda, who led Hydrography in Japan in the 1950's.*

**Note:** Called "Michelson Ridge" on Mammerickx 1985 chart and in ACUF 1990 Gazetteer.

34	HANZAWA Seamount	25°45'.3N 147°09'.0E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.** Relief: 2500m. Least depth: 306m.

*Named after the famous Japanese geologist Shoshiro Hanzawa.*

**Note:** Called "Castor Guyot" in ACUF Gazetteer and on 1985 Mammerickx chart.

35	KATAYAMA Seamount	25°45'.0N 147°53'.0E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.** Relief: 1500m. Least depth: 1330m.

*Named after the late Japanese geologist T. Katayama, who died at a young age.*

**Note:** Called "Pollux Guyot" in ACUF Gazetteer and on 1985 Mammerickx chart.



36	YABE Plateau	26°08'N – 145°22'E (nominal)			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted**, pending Japanese national approval. Relief: 2000-5000m. Least depth: 1030m. Extensive flattish summit.

**Action:** Japan Committee on U.F.N. to consider accepting this feature name.

*Named after the prominent pioneer Japanese geologist Hisakatsu Yabe (19<sup>th</sup> Century).*

**Note:** Called “Smoot Guyot” in 1990 ACUF Gazetteer and on 1985 Mammerickx chart.

37	UDA Spur	25°34'.0N 147°13'.0E	24°30'N 147°15'E		GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted**, pending Japanese national approval. Relief: 3100m. Least depth: 2660m. It contains three hills, which need not be named.

**Action:** Japanese Committee on U.F.N. to consider accepting this feature name.

*Named after Prof. Michitaka Uda, Japanese Physical Oceanographer in the 1940's-50's.*

38	OGASAWARA Rise	26°00'N – 144°00'E (nominal position)			GEBCO 5.06
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**Already in the GEBCO Gazetteer**, as “Ogasawara Plateau” (West sector). **Accepted** as Ogasawara Rise, pending Japanese national approval. Irregular feature, with four seamounts.

**Action:** Japanese Committee on U.F.N. to consider accepting this name.

*Named after the nearby island of Ogasawara.*

39	NISHI Hill	26°04'.0N 143°30'.0E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted**, as Hill (instead of “Seamount” as shown on the chart). Relief: 500m. Least depth: 2070m.

*“Nishi” is the Japanese term for “West”.*

40	CHUO Seamount	26°08'.0N 144°00'.6E	25°59'.2N 144°02'.0E		GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted** (instead of “Higashi Seamount” as shown on the chart). Relief: 2000m. Least depths: 520m and 641m. Two discrete peaks on wide platform.

*“Chuo” is the Japanese term for “central”.*

41	KITA Knoll	26°35'.5N 144°12'.2E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted**, as Knoll (instead of “Seamount” as shown on the chart). Relief: 600m. Least depth: 2640m.

*“Kita” is the Japanese term for “North”.*

42	HOKUTO Hill	26°25'.0N 144°36'.0E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted**. Relief: 400m. Least depth: 2230m.

*“Hokuto” is the Japanese term for “Northeast”.*

43	MINAMI Hill	25°14'.0N 143°55'.0E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted**, as “Hill” (instead of “Seamount, as shown on the chart). Relief: 700m. Least depth: 1310m.

*“Minami” is the Japanese term for “South”.*

44	HIGASHI Seamount	26°14'.0N 144°42'.5E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted**. Relief: 1200m. Least depth: 1990m.

*“Higashi” is the Japanese term for “East”.*

45	UYEDA Ridge	27°15'.0N 143°41'.5E	27°35'.5N 144°46'.5E		GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted**, pending Japanese national approval. Summit at 27°31'.0 N – 144°22'.6E, with relief: 4500m and least depth: 1300m.

**Action:** Japanese Committee on U.F.N. to consider accepting this name.

*Named after Prof. Seiya Uyeda, Japanese geophysicist at Tokyo University and M.I.T (USA).*

**Note:** Suggestion for naming this feature after Prof. Uyeda was made in 1986 by Dr Christian Smoot, US Naval Oceanographic Office.

46	RAMAPO Bank	27°16'.2N 145°12'.5E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted**, instead of “Matsubara Seamount” shown on the chart, pending Japanese national approval. The name “Ramapo Bank” already appeared in 1990 ACUF Gazetteer and on 1985 Mammerickx chart. Relief: 5100m. Least depth: 89m.

**Action:** Japanese Committee on U.F.N. to consider withdrawing the name “Matsubara Seamount”.

*Named after the famous 1920’s-30’s US Research Vessel Ramapo.*

47	NELSON Seamount	27°49’.5N 145°42’.0E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted**, pending Japanese national approval. The name “Nelson Seamount” already appeared in 1990 ACUF Gazetteer and on 1985 Mammerickx chart. Relief: 4600m. Least depth: 913m.

**Action:** Japan Committee on U.F.N. to consider accepting this name, since it has been in use for many years.

*Named after ???.*

**Note:** The Meeting suggested that the name Kiku (the Japanese term for “Chrisanthem”), which had been proposed by JCUFN for this feature, be either mentioned in the GEBCO Gazetteer as “Also shown as Kiku Seamount on Japanese charts” or, preferably, that Kiku be used for another major feature.

48	CHOYO Seamount	27°02’.5N 148°36’.5E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.** Relief: 4600m. Least depth: 1040m.

*Named after the former Japanese warship Choyo (19<sup>th</sup> Century). She accompanied the Japanese warship Kanrin in her first friendship visit to the USA.*

49	AKI-NO-NANAKUSA Seamounts	27°59’.5N 147°39’.0E	28°22’.0N 148°15’.8E	29°07’.0N 149°14’.7E	GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.**

*“Aki-No-Nanakusa” means “The seven flowers of Autumn”, in Japanese.*

**Note:** The Aki-No-Nanakusa Seamounts encompass all features numbered 50 to 56 below.

50	FUJIBAKAMA Seamount	28°35’.0N 146°43’.0E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.** Relief: 3500m. Least depth: 2240m.

*“Fujibakama” is the Japanese term for “thoroughwort”.*

51	KUZUHANA Seamount	28°05'.0N 147°12'.7E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.** Relief: 1100m. Least depth: 4650m.

*“Kuzuhana” is the Japanese term for “arrowroot”.*

52	KIKYO Seamount	27°59'.5N 147°39'.0E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.** Relief: 3900m. Least depth: 1810m.

*“Kikyo” is the Japanese term for “Chinese bellflower”.*

53	OMINAESHI Seamount	28°06'.0N 147°55'.2E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.** Relief: 2300m. Least depth: 3600m.

*“Ominaeshi” is the Japanese term for “valeriane”.*

54	NADESHIKO Seamount	28°22'.0N 148°15'.8E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.** Relief: 4000m. Least depth: 2060m.

*“Nadeshiko” is the Japanese term for “pink” (the flower).*

55	SUSUKI Seamount	28°45'.1N 148°18'.0E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.** Relief: 3700m. Least depth: 2330m.

*“Susuki” is the Japanese term for “eulalia”.*

56	HAGI Seamount	29°06'.6N 149°15'.1E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.** Relief: 1200m. Least depth: 4330m.

*“Hagi” is the Japanese term for “lespedeza”.*

57	HARU-NO NANAKUSA Seamounts	24°51'N 148°15'E	25°10'N 148°30'E	25°51'N 149°37'E	GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.**

*“Haru-No-Nanakusa” means “The seven flowers of Spring”, in Japanese.*

**Note:** The Haru-No-Nanakusa Seamounts encompass all features numbered 58 to 64 below.

58	SUZUNA Seamount	25°13'.7N 148°07'.0E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.** Relief: 3000m. Least depth: 1190m.

*“Suzuna” is the Japanese term for “turnip”.*

59	HAKOBE Seamount	25°18.0N 148°27'.0E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.** Relief: 3000m. Least depth: 1180m.

*“Hakobe” is the Japanese term for “chickweed”.*

60	GOGYO Seamount	25°08'.5N 149°08'.0E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.** Relief: 2500m. Least depth: 3100m.

*“Gogyo” is the Japanese term for “cottonweed”.*

61	HOTOKENOZA Guyot	25°03'.5N 148°35'.0E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted,** as “Guyot” (instead of “Seamount” as shown on the chart). Relief: 3500m. Least depth: 1120m.

*“Hotokenoza” is the Japanese term for “henbit”.*

62	SUZUSHIRO Seamount	24°51'.0N 148°15'.8E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.** Relief: 3500m. Least depth: 1150m.

*“Suzushiro” is the Japanese term for “radish”.*

63	NAZUNA Seamount	25°28'.0N 149°29'.0E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.** Relief: 3000m. Least depth: 2390m.

*“Nazuna” is the Japanese term for “shepherd’s purse”.*

64	SERI Seamount	25°50'.3N 149°36'.7E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.** Relief: 3200m. Least depth: 2490m.

*"Seri" is the Japanese term for "dropwort".*

65	KANRIN Guyot	24°07'N 150°00'E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted,** as "Guyot" (instead of "Seamount" as shown on the chart). Relief: 4500m. Least depth: 1200m.

*Named after the Japanese warship Kanrin (19<sup>th</sup> Century). She made the first friendship visit to the USA.*

66	Unnamed Seamount	24°23'.0N 148°57'.0E	Relief: 1400m. Least depth: 4430m.		
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**Feature accepted,** pending Japanese national approval.

**Action:** Japanese Committee on U.F.N. to consider proposing a name for the above feature.

67	SENSHU Guyot	26°21'.0N 148°47'.5E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.** Relief: 2100m. Least depth: 4100m.

*Named after the Japanese warship Senshu (19<sup>th</sup> Century). She accompanied the Japanese warship Kanrin in her first friendship visit to the USA.*

68	KAEDE Seamount	28°08'.0N 146°15'.7E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.** Relief: 2000m. Least depth: 3820m.

*"Kaede" is the Japanese term for "maple tree".*

69	TSUTA Seamount	27°47'.7N 146°13'.3E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.** Relief: 2500m. Least depth: 2710m.

*"Tsuta" is the Japanese term for "ivy".*

70	MUKOJIMA Seamount	28°12'.6N 144°44'.3E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.** Relief: 1400m. Least depth: 4370m.

*Named after the Japanese island of Mukojima.*

71	YOMEJIMA Seamount	27°53'.0N 145°13'.1E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.** Relief: 1500m. Least depth: 4200m.

*Named after the Japanese island of Yomejima.*

72	CHICHIJIMA Seamount	27°47'.1N 144°34'.0E			GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.** Relief: 3300m. Least depth: 2480m.

*Named after the Japanese island of Chichijima.*

73	FUJIBAKAMA Escarpment	29°55'N 145°47'E	29°00'N 146°28'E		GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.** Relief: 900m. Lest depths from 5400m to 6300m.

*"Fujibakama" is the Japanese term for "agueweed".*

74	KAEDE Escarpment	29°55'N 145°20'E	28°13'N 146°17'E		GEBCO 5.06
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**Accepted.** Relief: 1100m. Lest depths from 5000m to 6100m.

*"Kaede" is the Japanese term for "maple tree".*