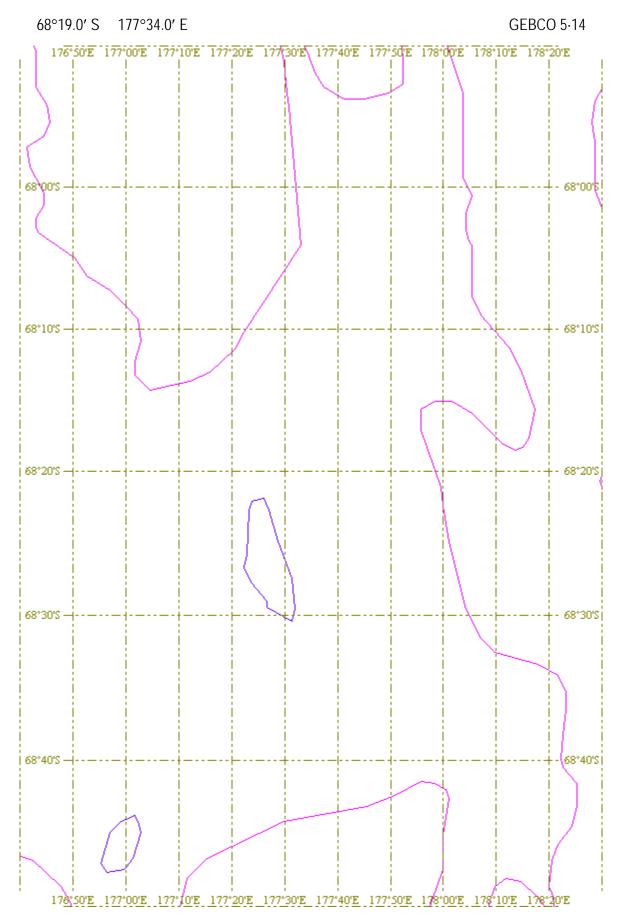


## Anashkin Smt



## Undersea feature name proposal

IHO/IOC Form No.1

Ocean or Sea: Pacific Ocean

Name proposed: Anashkin Seamount

Coordinates of midpoint or summit: Lat.68°19'.0 S, Long. 177°34'.0 E, kilometres in direction from

Description (kind of feature): Seamount

*Identifying or categorizing characteristics:* The seamount has an oval shape, slopes steepness is 20°. The least depth is 1060 m, depths at the foot are 3400-3500 m.

Associated features: The seamount is located W of Scott Seamounts.

Chart reference:

Α

Shown with name on chart No. Shown but not named on chart No. HDNO 1:500 000 (1994), 1:2 M (1994) Not shown but within area covered by chart No. GEBCO 5.14

*Reason for choice of name:* To perpetuate the memory of Aleksey Alekseyevich Anashkin (1914 – 1987), a hydrographer. For many years served in hydrographic subdivisions of the Pacific Fleet, at HDNO. Made considerable contribution into the hydrographic research of the Far East seas.

Discovery facts: Date: 1987 by RV "Professor Zubov" and RV "Akademik Fyodorov".

By means: Echo sounders GEL-3, "Atlas".

Navigation used: Space-based navigation system.

Estimated positional accuracy in nautical miles: 0.7-1.3

Description of survey: Sounding along track.

Nature and repository of other survey activities:

Supporting material:

Submitted by: HDNO of the RF MD

Date:

Address: 8, 11 liniya, B-34, 199034, St. Petersburg

Concurred in by:

Address:

## Anashkin Aleksey Alekseyevich

(1914 - 1987)

He was born in Petrograd in a family of office workers. In 1936 graduated from the Hydrographic Department of the Higher Naval School. In 1936 – 1947 he worked in subdivisions of the Pacific Hydrographic Expedition as hydrographer, head of party, head of hydrographic subdivisions in Sovetskaya Gavan', De-Kastri, Vladivostok, Korsakov, geodetic section of the Hydrographic Service.

He carried out bottom relief survey in the Sea of Japan, Sea of Okhotsk and Bering Sea and made considerable contribution into navigational/hydrographic support of the safety of navigation of the Pacific Fleet ships and vessels.

In 1952 – 1970, having graduated from the Naval Academy, he worked at the Head Department of Navigation and Oceanography, was engaged in the planning of the World Ocean oceanographic research.

Since 1970 he had been a research worker of the State Research Navigational and Hydrographic Institute, developed new technique and technical aids for sounding and bathymetric information processing.