INTERNATIONAL HYDROGRAPHIC ORGANIZATION INTERGOVERNMENTAL OCEANOGRAPHIC COMMISSION (of UNESCO)

IHO/IOC Form No. 1

### **UNDERSEA FEATURE NAME PROPOSAL**

(See NOTE overleaf)

Ocean or Sea <u>North Pacific Ocean</u> Name proposed <u>Oki-Daito Escarpment</u> A - of midpoint or summit : Lat. \_\_\_\_\_, Long. \_\_\_\_\_ Coordinates : \_\_\_\_\_ kilometres in \_\_\_\_\_\_ direction from \_ and/or **B** - extremities (if linear feature) : Lat. \_\_\_\_\_\_ Long. \_\_\_\_\_\_ Lat. 22-00N brace to brace\_\_\_\_\_ Long. 130-30E Description (kind of feature) : escarpment Identifying or categorizing characteristics (shape, dimensions, total relief, least depth, steepness, etc.): Oki-Daito Escarpment is an elongated, linear, steep south-dipping feature located in the northern part of the Philippine Basin. The maximum relief is ~ 1000 m. Associated features : Philippine Basin, Oki-Daito Ridge Chart reference : Shown with name on chart No. Shown but not named on chart No. Japanese Chart No. 6722 Not shown but within area covered by chart No. Japanese Chart No. 6302, Japanese Chart No. W1004A Reason for choice of name (if a person, state how associated with the feature to be named) : \_\_\_\_

Named after the nearest island "Oki-Daito Island". "Oki-Daito Ridge" is also named after the island. Discovery facts :

Date April-May, 1990, June 1990, April-May, 1996 by (individuals or ship) The Japanese survey vessel "Takuyo"

By means of (equipment) : Multi-beam Echosounders Classic SEABEAM, SEABEAM 2100

Navigation used : \_\_\_\_\_ GPS

Estimated positional accuracy in nautical miles : <u>+/- 30m</u>

Description of survey (track spacing, line crossing, grid network, etc.) : \_\_\_\_\_

### Primary track lines were E-W with track spacing at 7 miles. N-S track lines were also employed.

Nature and repository of other survey activities (dredge samples, cores, magnetics, gravity, photographs, etc.) :

## Bottom samplings by dredging has just been performed by the Japanese Continental Shelf Survey Project during April-May, 2007.

Supporting material : enclose, if possible, a sketch map of the survey area, profiles of the features, etc.,

with reference to prior publication, if any : \_\_\_\_

# Ohara, Y., S. Kasuga, K. Okino, and Y. Kato, 1997, Survey maps Philippine Sea structure, EOS Transactions, AGU, 78, 555.

Date : <u>8 June 2007</u>

Address : 5-3-1 Tsukiji, Chuo-ku, Tokyo 104-0045, Japan

Concurred in by (if applicable) : \_\_\_\_\_

Address : \_\_\_\_

National Authority (if any) : \_\_\_\_\_ Japanese Committee on Undersea Feature Names

Address : 5-3-1 Tsukiji, Chuo-ku, Tokyo 104-0045, Japan

**NOTE** : This form should be forwarded, when completed :

### a) If the undersea feature is located in territorial waters :to your "National Authority for Approval of Undersea Feature Names" or, if this does not exist or is not known, either to the International Hydrographic Bureau or to the Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission (see addresses below);

#### b) If the undersea feature is located in international waters :-

to the International Hydrographic Bureau or to the Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission, at the following addresses :

International Hydrographic Bureau	Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission
4, quai Antoine 1 <sup>er</sup>	UNESCO
B.P. 445	Place de Fontenoy
MC 98011 MONACO CEDEX	75700 PARIS
Principality of MONACO	<u>FRANCE</u>
Fax: +377 93 10 81 40	Fax: +33 1 45 68 58 12
E-mail: <u>info@ihb.mc</u>	E-mail : info@unesco.org

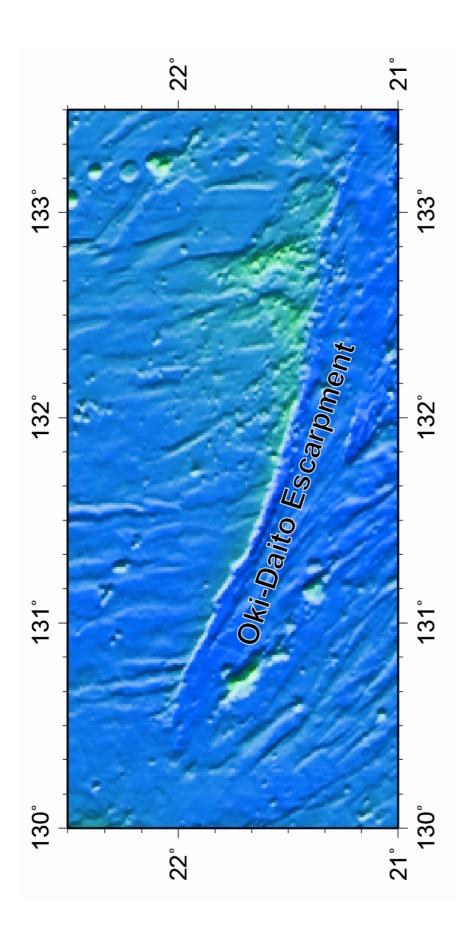


Fig. 1. Shaded color bathymetric map of Oki-Daito Escarpment. Color scale is as same as the Index map shown in the proposal for Amami Sankaku Basin.

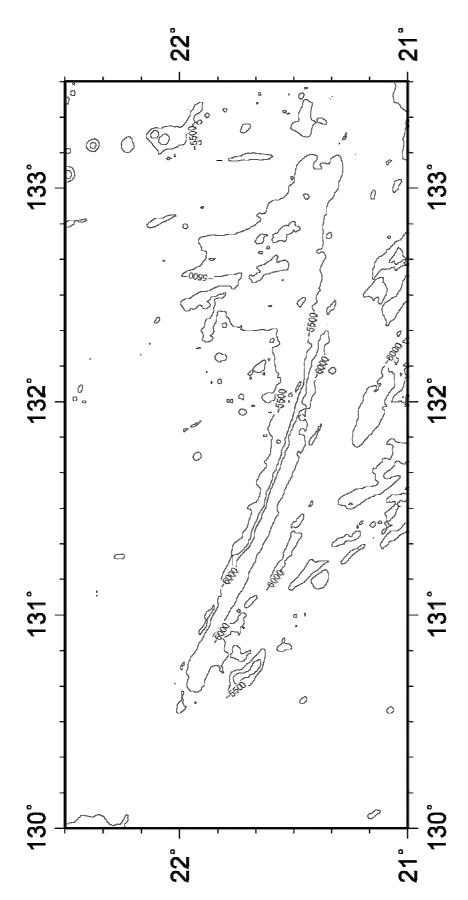


Fig. 2. Bathymetric map of Oki-Daito Escarpment. Contours in 100 m.

Appendix. Ohara et al. (1997) is attached in PDF file.