### INTERNATIONAL HYDROGRAPHIC ORGANIZATION

separate sheet for more detailed information.)

### INTERNATIONAL OCEANOGRAPHIC COMMISSION (of UNESCO)

### UNDERSEA FEATURE NAME PROPOSAL

Ocean or Sea: East Sea			Name Proposed: Igyuwon Seamount		
Coordinates:	A – of midpoint of	or summit: La	t. <u>37° 33′N</u>	Long. <u>130° 27′E</u>	
	30 kilometres in W direction from Ulleung Do ('Do' means island)				
	B – extremities (i	f linear feature):			
	Lat. 37° 25′N Long. 130° 25′E		to	Lat. 37 Long. <u>13</u>	
<b>Description</b> (kind	of feature): Seamou	<u>ınt</u>			
Identifying or categorizing characteristics (shape, dimensions, total relief, least depth, steepness, etc.):					
The feature has an	n elongated shape	in a SSW-NN	NE direction.	It is 45 km long	and 12 km wide
with an irregular	topographic relie	ef at the sumi	mit. It ma <u>y</u>	y have been forme	ed by a volcanic
eruptions at differ	ent intervals. The	ne minimum c	lepth of this	feature is 892 m.	The base of this
feature is defined	l by 1,600 m to 2	2,000 m depth	contours.	The relief of this	feature is about
<u>1,000 m.</u>					
Associated featu	res:				
Chart reference:					
Shown with name on chart No. 102A (scale 1:0.75 mln), No. 138 (1:0.5 mln) and					
	No.	B4623(Bathy	matric chart	t, 1:0.5mln) Publish	ned by Korea
Shown b	out not named on	chart No			
Not show	vn but within are	ea covered by	chart No		
Reason for choic	ee of name (if a per	son, state how as	sociated with the	he feature to be named)	:

'Igyuwon' Seamount is named after a famous Korean governor, I Gyu-Won (1833~1901) who supported navigation and commerce for the fishermen in Ulleung Do. (Please refers to a

### **Discovery facts**:

**Date**: Apr. ~ May. 1997 **by** (ship): <u>Haeyang 2000</u>

By means of (equipment): Multi-Beam Echosounder (SeaBeam 2100)

Navigation used: <u>DGPS (Trimble DGPS 4000DS)</u>

Estimated positional accuracy in nautical miles:  $\pm 0.0027$  miles

**Description of survey** (track spacing, line crossings, grid network, etc.):

The line spacing of survey tracks was less than 2 km in order to ensure 100 % coverage of our multi-beam system.

Nature and repository of other survey activities (dredge samples, cores, magnetics, gravity, photographs, etc.):

Gravity and magnetic surveys were also conducted.

**Supporting material** (enclose, if possible, a sketch map of the survey area, profiles of the features, etc., with reference to prior publication, if any):

See attached bathymetric maps, 3-D image maps, and survey track chart.

Submitted by: The Korea Committee on Marine Geographical Names, Republic of Korea

Date: June 08, 2007

Address: 1-17, 7-ga Hang-dong, Jung-gu, Incheon, 400-800, Republic of Korea

Tel: +82 32 885 3825 Fax: +82 32 885 3088

Concurred in by (if applicable):

National Authority (if any): National Oceanographic Research Institute

Address: 1-17, 7-ga Hang-dong, Jung-gu, Incheon, 400-800, Republic of Korea

Tel: +82 32 885 3825 Fax: +82 32 885 3088 **Note**: this form should be forwarded, when completed:

#### a) If the undersea feature is located in territorial waters :-

to your "National Authority of Undersea Feature Names" or, if this does not exist or is not known, either to the International Hydrographic Bureau or to the Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission (see addresses below);

#### b) If the undersea feature is located in international waters:-

to the International Hydrographic Bureau or to the Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission, at the following addresses :

International Hydrographic Bureau 4, quai Antoine 1er B.P. 445
MC 98011 MONACO CEDEX Principality of MONACO Fax: +377 93 10 81 40
E-mail: info@ihb.mc

Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission UNESCO
Place de Fontenoy
75700 PARIS
FRANCE

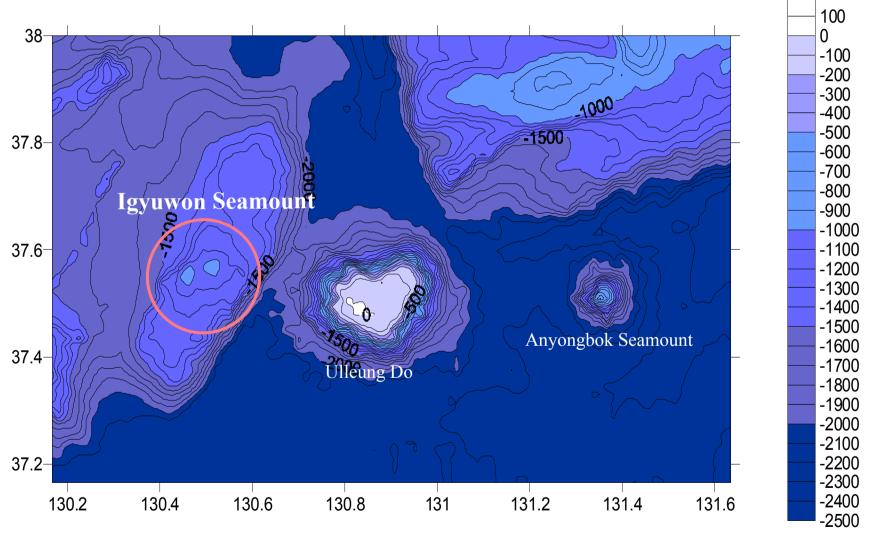
Fax: +33 1 45 68 58 12 E-mail: info@unesco.org

### I Gyu-Won (1833~1901)

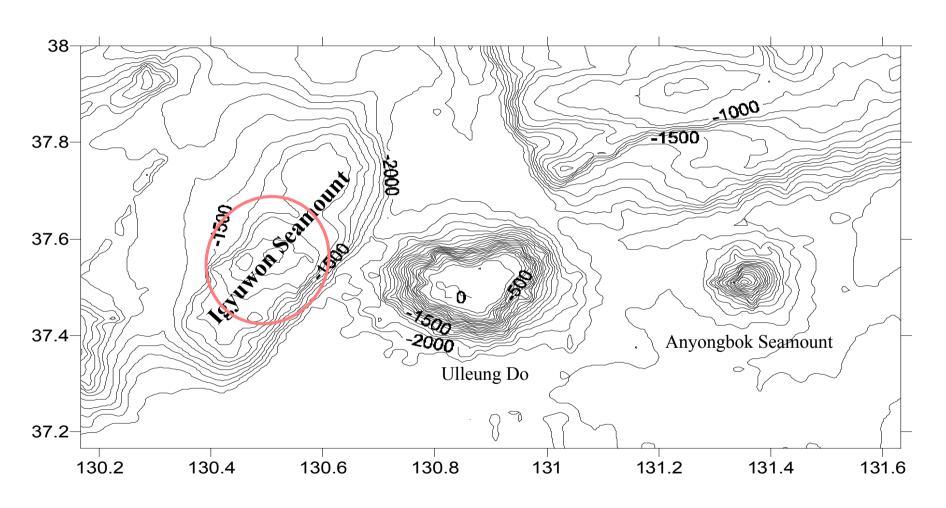
As a military officer during Chosun Dynasty, I Gyu-Won was dispatched to Ulleung Do in 1882 to conduct the detailed survey on the island including the residents and natural resources.

He asserted that an administrative plan needs to be established for developing the island in a report to the government, which was based on the survey results.

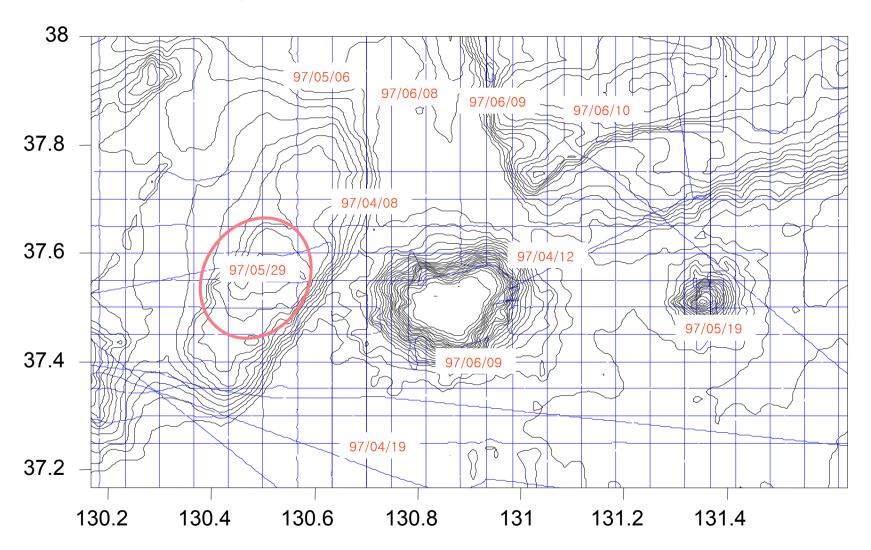
The government accepted his suggestion and withdrew a policy to evacuate the island, which had continued since the early 15<sup>th</sup> century. During his term of governing the island, the fishery activities and navigational skills were significantly enhanced.



Bathymetric contour Map of Igyuwon Seamount (Contour interval: 100 m)



Bathymetric contour Map of Igyuwon Seamount (Contour interval: 100 m)



The track lines and date in survey area.

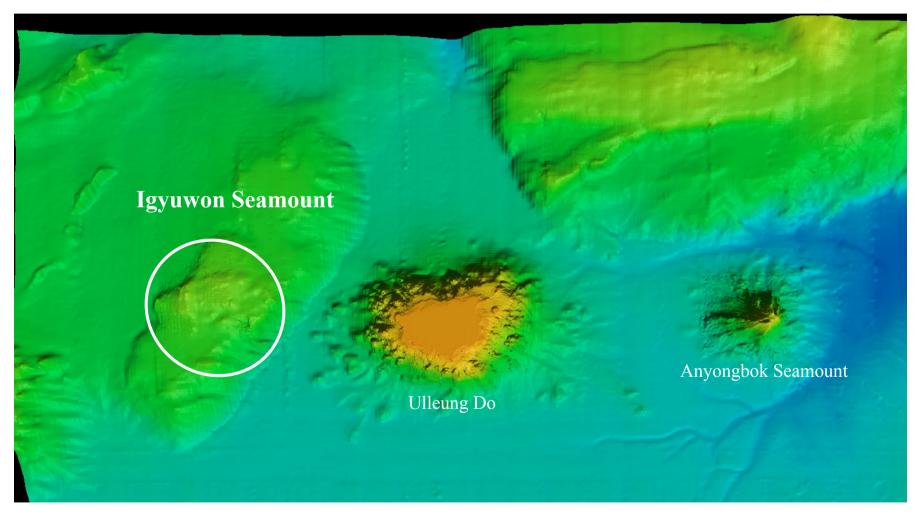


Image Map of Igyuwon Seamount

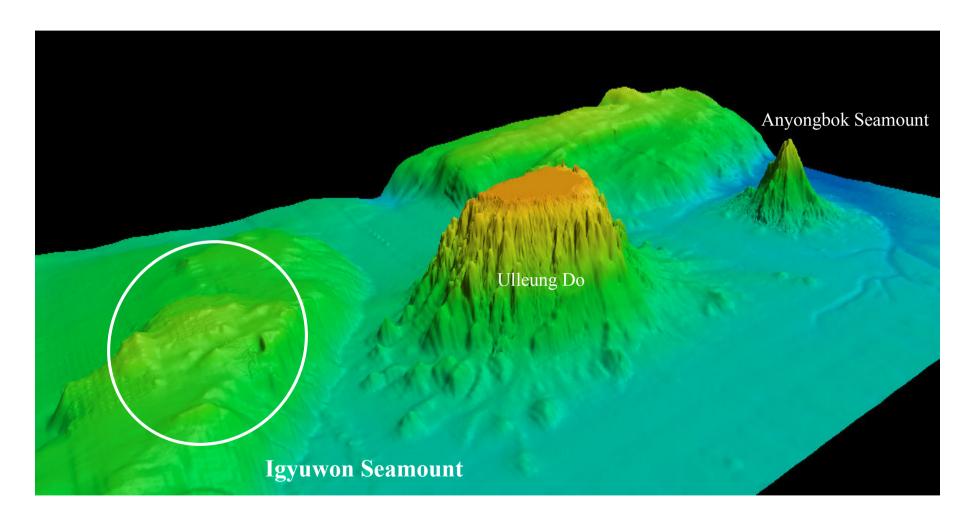


Image Map of Igyuwon Seamount

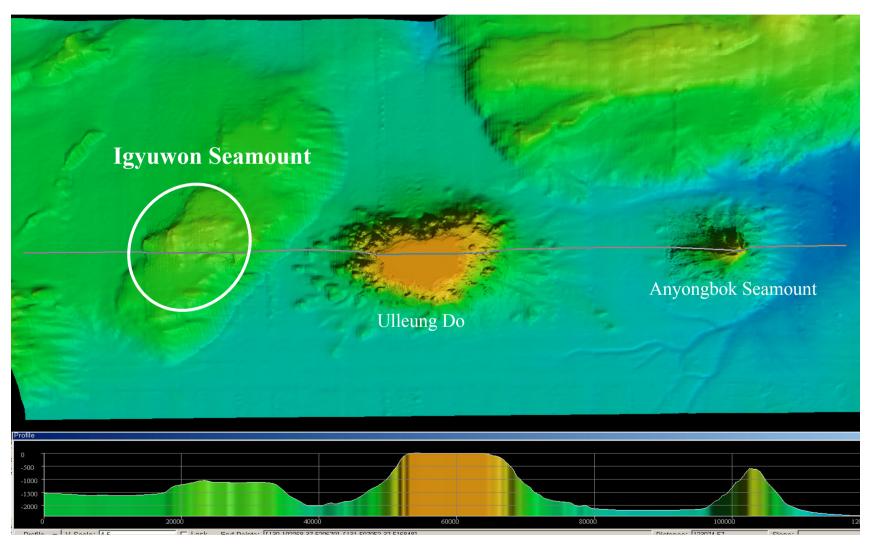


Image Map and Profile at the cross of Igyuwon Seamount