## INTERNATIONAL HYDROGRAPHIC ORGANIZATION

## INTERGOVERNMENTAL OCEANOGRAPHIC COMMISSION (of UNESCO)

## UNDERSEA FEATURE NAME PROPOSAL

(Sea **NOTE** overleaf)

Name Proposed: Tarama Knoll			Ocean or Sea:				East China Sea			
Geometry that best	defines the feature	e (Yes/No)	:							
Point	Line	Polygon	Multiple poir	nts	Multiple	lines*	Multi <sub>l</sub> polygo		Combination o geometries*	
		Yes								
* Geometry should b	e clearly distinguis	shed when	providing the cool	rdina	tes below	<b>'.</b>				
			Lat. (e.g. 63°32	2.6'N)	)		Long. (	e.g. 040	6°21.3'W)	
		25° 04.4' N				124° 32.7' E				
		25° 05.0' N				124° 31.4' E				
		25° 05.8'	N			124° 31.0' E				
Coordinates:			25° 06.8' N				124° 31.8' E			
		25° 06.8' N				124° 32.9' E				
			25° 06.2' N				124° 33.8' E			
						124° 32.7' E				
			25° 04.4'	N			124	32.	/ E	
Feature	Maximum I				Steepness:		18°			
Description:	Minimum D		1490 m			Shape:		Conical Shape		
Total Relief:		•	510 m			mension/Size :				
Associated Featur	es:	Okinaw	va Trough							
	Shown	Shown Named on Map/Chart:								
Chart/Map Reference	Shown	Shown Unnamed on Map/Chart:								
	Within	Within Area of Map/Chart:				Japanese bathymetric chart W1203				
Reason for Choice		This ar	ea has been iden	tifdied	d as a po	ssible act	tive subme	erged v	olcano "Tarama	
person, state how as	Knoll". However, the latest survey on this feature revealed that the feature is									
•			composed of separated two knolls. This knoll is located north relative to the other one.							
		one.								
		Diagri	om, Data;			1	00	th lub.	2000	
Discovery Facts:		Discovery Date: Discoverer (Individual, Ship):			Toch	20 <sup>th</sup> July, 2009  Toshiro Yamanaka (RV/ Natsushima)				
		I DISCOVE	erer (iriurviuuai, S	пр <i>).</i>		10511	iio railiai	iana (N	vi maiouominid)	
		Data -	f Cumrour					luly 00	100	
		Date of Survey: Survey Ship:				July, 2009 RV/ Natsushima				
		Sounding Equipement:				SeaBat 8160				
Supporting Survey Data, including Track Controls:			Type of Navigation:				GPS without Selective Availability			
			Estimated Horizontal Accuracy (nm):				0.03 nm			
	Survey	Survey Track Spacing:				See Fig. 3				
			ting material can	ha aı	م ام مالا: معرجان	10 Annov				

	Name(s):	Toshiro Yamanaka			
	Date:	August 23, 2013			
	E-mail:	toshiroy@cc.okayama-u.ac.jp			
	Organization and Address:	Okayama University, 1-1 Naka 3-			
Proposer(s):		chome, Kita-ku, Okayama 700-8530,			
		Japan			
	Concurrer (name, e-mail, organization	Hiroko Makita, makita@jamstec.go.jp,			
	and address):	JAMSTEC, 2-15 Natsushima-cho,			
		Yokosuka, 237-0061, Japan			

Remarks:	

NOTE: This form should be forwarded, when completed:

- a) If the undersea feature is located <u>inside the external limit</u> of the territorial sea :to your "National Authority for Approval of Undersea Feature Names" (see page 2-9) or, if this
  does not exist or is not known, either to the IHB or to the IOC (see addresses below);
- b) If at least 50 % of the undersea feature is located <u>outside the external limits</u> of the territorial sea :- to the IHB or to the IOC, at the following addresses :

International Hydrographic Bureau (IHB) 4, Quai Antoine 1er

B.P. 445

MC 98011 MONACO CEDEX
Principality of MONACO

Fax: +377 93 10 81 40 E-mail: info@ihb.mc Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission (IOC)

UNESCO

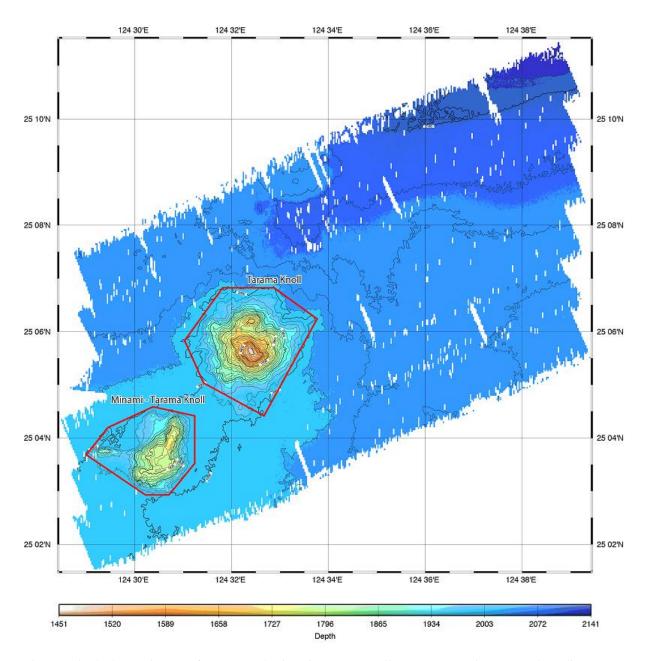
Place de Fontenoy 75700 PARIS

<u>France</u>

Fax: +33 1 45 68 58 12 E-mail: <u>info@unesco.org</u>



Fig. 1. The white box shows the locations of the Tarama and Minami-Tarama Knolls, based on captured Google Earth image.



 $Fig.\ 2.\ Color\ bathymetric\ map\ of\ Tarama\ and\ Minami-Tarama\ Knolls.\ Contours\ are\ in\ 200\ m.\ The\ poligon\ delineating\ the\ feature\ is\ shown\ in\ red.$ 

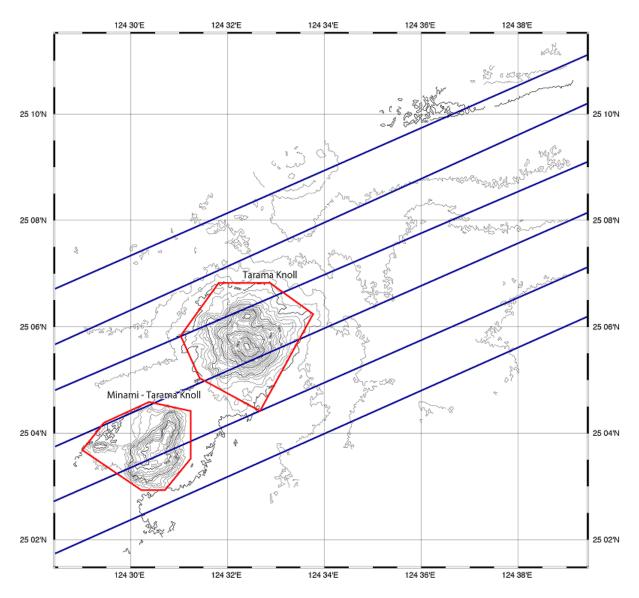


Fig. 3. Bathymetric map of Tarama and Minami-Tarama Knolls. Contours are in 200 m. The poligon delineating the feature is shown in red. Ship tracks are aslo shown in blue.