INTERNATIONAL HYDROGRAPHIC ORGANIZATION

INTERGOVERNMENTAL OCEANOGRAPHIC COMMISSION (of UNESCO)

UNDERSEA FEATURE NAME PROPOSAL

(See IHO-IOC Publication B-6 and NOTE overleaf)

Note: The boxes will expand as you fill the form.

Name Proposed:	Mizutani Seamount	Ocean or Sea:	N/A
	meatain obainbaint		

Geometry that best defines the feature (Yes/No) :						
Point	Line	Polygon	Multiple points	Multiple lines*	Multiple polygons*	Combination of geometries*
		Yes				

* Geometry should be clearly distinguished when providing the coordinates below.

	Lat. (e.g. 63°32.6'N)	Long. (e.g. 046°21.3'W)
	23°51.17'N	153°29.51'E
	23°51.22'N	153°34.43'E
	23°52.37'N	153°36.97'E
	23°51.54'N	153°40.51'E
Coordinates:	23°47.91'N	153°43.99'E
Coordinates:	23°44.74'N	153°47.58'E
	23°42.46'N	153°43.45'E
	23°37.95'N	153°37.08'E
	23°42.77'N	153°30.80'E
	23°51.17'N	153°29.51'E

Es a france	Maximum Depth:	5,276 m	Steepness :	N/A
Feature Description:	Minimum Depth :	2,202 m	Shape :	Almost conical
Description:	Total Relief :	3,074 m	Dimension/Size :	30 km × 25 km

Associated Features:	Takuyo-Daigo Seamount, and Fukuro-unagi Spur, Marcus-Wake
	Seamount Group

	Shown Named on Map/Chart:	6724
Chart/Map References:	Shown Unnamed on Map/Chart:	
	Within Area of Map/Chart:	

46 aft	n June 30, 1886, a Japanese named Shinroku Mizutani led a group of colonists to settle on the island. The settlement was named "Mizutani" er the leader of the expedition. Therefore, this feature is named after e old settlement name "Mizutani"
htt	ps://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Minami-Tori-shima

Diagovary Factor	Discovery Date:	Jan. 2000
Discovery Facts:	Discoverer (Individual, Ship):	Japanese survey vessel "Shoyo"

	Date of Survey:	Jan. 2000 Aug. 2007
	Survey Ship:	Japanese survey vessel "Shoyo"
	Sounding Equipement:	Multibeam echo sounder Seabeam 2112
Supporting Survey Data, including Track Controls:	Type of Navigation:	GPS without Selective Availability (2007) GPS with Selective Availability (2000)
	Estimated Horizontal Accuracy, in nautical miles (M):	0.014 nm (26 m) (2007) 0.054 nm (100 m) (2000)
	Survey Track Spacing:	5 nm
	Supporting material can be submitted as	Annex in analog or digital form.

	Name(s):	JCUFN
	Date:	August 20, 2018
	E-mail:	ico@jodc.go.jp
	Organization and Address:	Hydrographic and Oceanographic
Proposer(s):		Department, Japan Coast Guard
		Kasumigaseki 3-1-1, Chiyoda-ku,
		Tokyo 100-8932, Japan
	Concurrer (name, e-mail, organization	
	and address):	

Remarks:	The position of the summit is located in (23°44.49'N, 153°37.08'E).

NOTE: This form should be forwarded, when completed:

- a) If the undersea feature is located <u>inside the external limit</u> of the territorial sea:
 to your "National Authority for Approval of Undersea Feature Names" (see Publication B-6) or, if this does not exist or is not known, either to the IHO or to the IOC (see addresses below);
- b) If at least 50 % of the undersea feature is located <u>outside the external limits</u> of the territorial sea:

- to the IHO or to the IOC, at the following addresses :

International Hydrographic Organization (IHO)	Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission (IOC)
4b, Quai Antoine 1er	UNESCO
B.P. 445	Place de Fontenoy
MC 98011 MONACO CEDEX	75700 PARIS
Principality of MONACO	France
Fax: +377 93 10 81 40	Fax: +33 1 45 68 58 12
E-mail: <u>info@iho.int</u>	E-mail: <u>info@unesco.org</u>
Web: <u>www.iho.int</u>	Web: http://ioc-unesco.org/

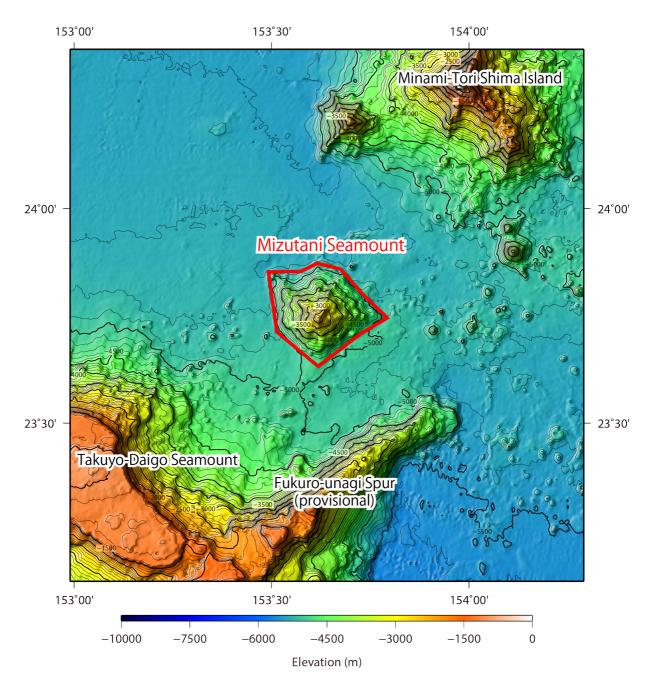


Fig. 1. Bathymetric map of the Mizutani Seamount. Contours are in 100 m.

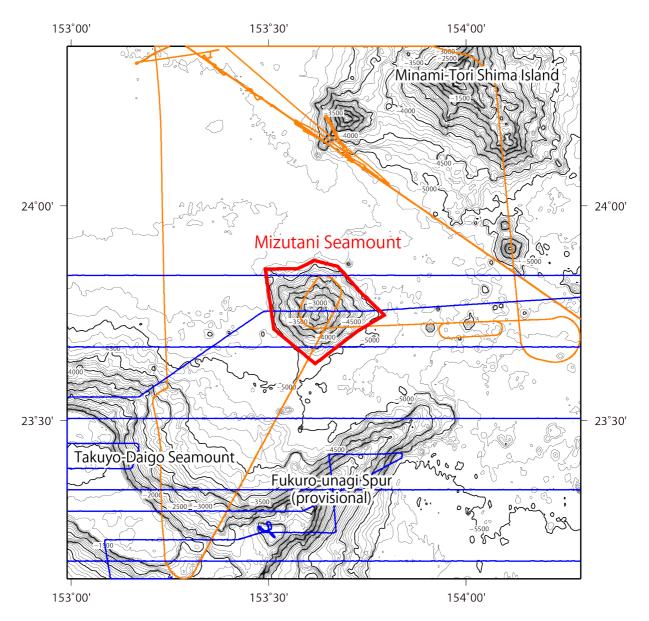


Fig. 2. Bathymetric map of the Mizutani Seamount, shown with track lines. Contours are in 100 m.

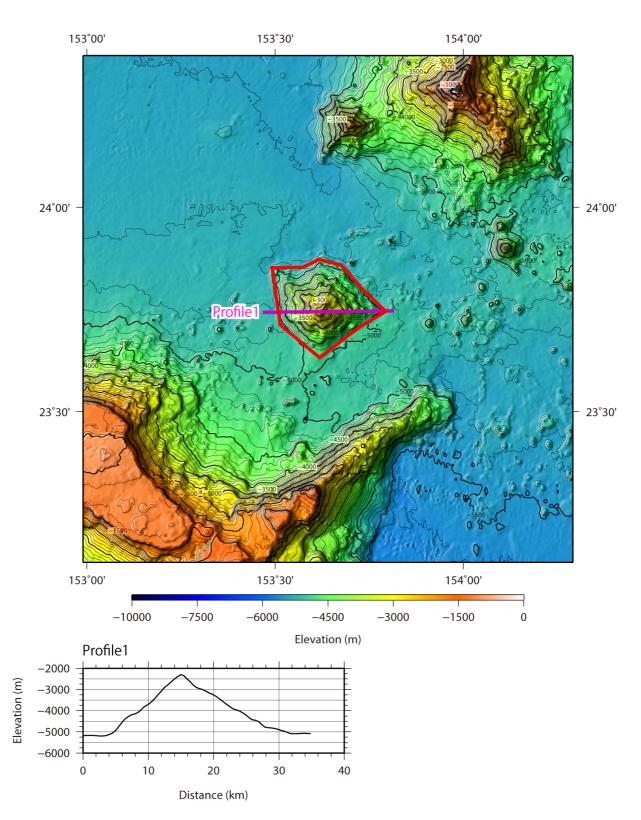


Fig. 3. Bathymetric profile across the Mizutani Seamount.