

**UNDERSEA FEATURE NAME PROPOSAL**  
(See IHO-IOC Publication B-6 and **NOTE** overleaf)

Note: The boxes will expand as you fill the form.

**Name Proposed:** Seguam Basin (new feature) **Ocean or Sea:** Bering Sea

**Geometry** that best defines the feature (Yes/No) :

Point	Line	Polygon	Multiple points	Multiple lines*	Multiple polygons*	Combination of geometries*
Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No

\* Geometry should be clearly distinguished when providing the coordinates below.

**Coordinates:**

Lat. (e.g. 63°32.6'N)	Long. (e.g. 046°21.3'W)
Point (125 m) 52° 34.0'N	Point (125 m) 171° 46.0'W

**Feature Description:**

Maximum Depth:	1054 m	Steepness :	1.1°
Minimum Depth :	~300 m	Shape :	round
Total Relief :	754 m	Dimension/Size :	48000 m W to E/ ~35000 m N to S

**Associated Features:** Urmak canyons, Seguam Sill

**Chart/Map References:**

Shown Named on Map/Chart:	
Shown Unnamed on Map/Chart:	US Nav. Chart 16480
Within Area of Map/Chart:	

**Reason for Choice of Name** (if a person, state how associated with the feature to be named): Seguam Basin occurs between Seguam and Amukta Islands. Our analysis with thalwegs shows that this basin connects to Seguam Canyon East rather than Amukta, Chagulak, or Yunaska Canyons.

**Discovery Facts:**

Discovery Date:	previously charted but not named
Discoverer (Individual, Ship):	N/A

**Supporting Survey Data, including Track Controls:**

Date of Survey:	various
Survey Ship:	various
Sounding Equipment:	various
Type of Navigation:	various
Estimated Horizontal Accuracy, in nautical miles (M):	100 m horizontal resolution bathymetry surface
Survey Track Spacing:	various
Supporting material can be submitted as Annex in analog or digital form. Please see Zimmermann and Prescott (2018)	

**Proposer(s):**

Name(s):	Mark Zimmermann & Megan Prescott
Date:	July 2018
E-mail:	mark.zimmermann@noaa.gov

	Organization and Address:	National Marine Fisheries Service, NOAA, Alaska Fisheries Science Center, 7600 Sand Point Way NE, Bldg. 4, Seattle, WA 98115-6349 USA
	Concurrer (name, e-mail, organization and address):	
<b>Remarks:</b>	Zimmermann and Prescott (2018): shown in Fig. 6 (please see below). Harris et al. (2014): recognized as "slope".	

**NOTE:** This form should be forwarded, when completed:

- a) **If the undersea feature is located inside the external limit of the territorial sea:**  
- to your "National Authority for Approval of Undersea Feature Names" (see Publication B-6) or,  
if this does not exist or is not known, either to the IHO or to the IOC (see addresses below);
- b) **If at least 50 % of the undersea feature is located outside the external limits of the territorial sea:**  
- to the IHO or to the IOC, at the following addresses :

International Hydrographic Organization (IHO) 4b, Quai Antoine 1er B.P. 445 MC 98011 MONACO CEDEX Principality of MONACO Fax: +377 93 10 81 40 E-mail: <a href="mailto:info@iho.int">info@iho.int</a> Web: <a href="http://www.iho.int">www.iho.int</a>	Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission (IOC) UNESCO Place de Fontenoy 75700 PARIS France Fax: +33 1 45 68 58 12 E-mail: <a href="mailto:info@unesco.org">info@unesco.org</a> Web: <a href="http://ioc-unesco.org/">http://ioc-unesco.org/</a>
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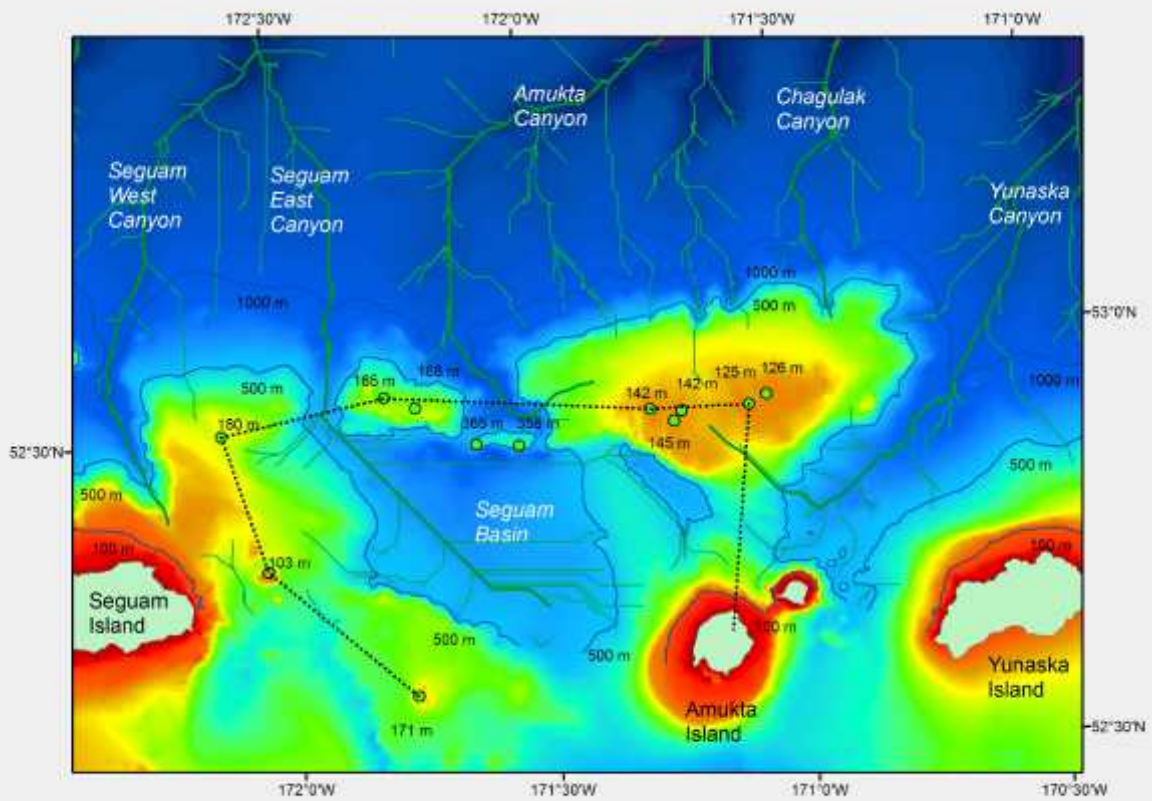


Figure 1. Modified version of Fig 6. (Zimmermann & Prescott, 2018) “Thalwegs of the Umnak Canyon area of the eastern Bering Sea slope” showing Seguam Basin and the surrounding sill.